PUBLISHED MONTHLY.—PRICE 8 ANNAS.

THE INDIAN RAILWAY
TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.
The Most and most Complete Guide to the
Time Tables and Fare Tables of all the Railways, Main Road,
and Duks [illegible] Information and along the Coast
Ports and Telegraphic Information, &c. &c.
COLOURED MAP OF INDIA.
Bombay Gazette Press, Fort, Bombay.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 51,141—New Series. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, OCTOBER 30, 1897.

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INSIST UPON HAVING
MILKMAID
BRAND
CONDENSED MILK
Largest Sale in the World.

SHIPPING.

P. & O. COMPANY.

EXTRA STEAMER "CARTHAGE."

THE "CARTHAGE" from LONDON and MARSEILLES is due to arrive at Bombay at NOON on SUNDAY, 31st October, and will proceed direct into the VICTORIA DOCK. Landing Passengers and Baggage thereon.

Bombay, 28th October, 1897.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessels.	Tons.	Canvalse.
S.M. CALEDONIA	7558	W. R. Andrews ...30th Octr.
M* CARTHAGE	6280	W. J. Santos ....6th Nov.
R.M. SOUTH	3000	H. F. Erikson ....13th "
M* SHANNON	4262	F. Cole ....20th "
P. & O. PENINSULAR	5172	W. A. Wheller ...27th "
M* CARTHAGE	6280	W. J. Santos ....4th Dec.
R.M. INDIA	7311	W. D. G. Worcester, 11th "
M* SHANNON	4262	F. Cole ....18th "
R.M. CALEDONIA	7558	W. R. Andrews ....25th "

The Steamers marked R. M. proceed to BRINDISI MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH and LONDON.

The Steamers marked * proceed to Aden only, and Passengers transhipto to a Steamer for BRINDISI, PLYMOUTH, and LONDON.

The steamer marked M* proceeds to ADEN only, and passengers transhipto there to a steamer for BRINDISI, MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH, and LONDON.

The Steamer marked R.M. proceeds to BRINDISI and MARSEILLES only, and passengers for LONDON must go Overland from either Port.

Heavy baggage must be sent to the Ballard Pier before 9 A.M. on the day of sailing.

A Steam Tender leaves the Ballard Pier at NOON on the day of sailing, to convey Passengers on board, and only hand packages will be received. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with Port of Destination.

TO STRAITS, CHINA AND JAPAN.

The Company's STEAMERS LEAVE BOMBAY FORT NIGHTLY, usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the STRAITS, CHINA, and JAPAN, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals, calling at Ports en route.

For further particulars apply to

I. M. SHIELDS,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 8th Augt, 1897.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S.N.Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

ACCELERATED SERVICE TO TRIESTE, *VIA* ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamer	Captain.	Tons.	To Sail on
IMPERATOR	J. Nicolich	4,149	1st Nov., 1897.
IMPERATRIX	T. Hasswich	4,313	1st Dec., 1897.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck
TRIESTE, or VENICE	Rs. 600	Rs. 325	Rs. 150

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 2nd, and BRINDISI, on the 4th of each month.

ORDINARY SERVICE TO TRIESTE, *VIA* KURRACHEE, ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captain.	Tons.	To Sail on or about
MEDUSA	T. Andrejevich	2,709	2nd Nov.
GISELA	L. Brcdich	1,850	24th Nov.

The s. s. MEDUSA will not call at KARACHI.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE or VENICE	Rs. 375	Rs. 150

STEAMERS for BOMBAY LEAVE TRIESTE on the 20th of each month.

RETURN TICKETS

By either Accelerated or Ordinary Service to TRIESTE.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
AVAILABLE for 6 MONTHS	Rs. 600	Rs. 375
AVAILABLE for 12 MONTHS	Rs. 1000	Rs. 625

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothard's, and other Routes.

In connection with the Steamers' Tickets the Company issue new Railway Tickets to the Principal Towns of Austria and Germany, as well as Tickets by steamers of the "Nord-Gesellschaft Lloyd" (North German Lloyd) to ports of North and South America, Australia &c. called at by their vessels.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE "MESSAGERIES MARITIMES CO."

THE Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Austrian Lloyd's and the Return by the Messageries Maritimes Co. at reduced fares. This arrangement will prove of special advantage to passengers on 3 months privilege leave.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, KOBE.

Steamer	Captain.	Tons.	To Sail on
POSEIDON	R. Mayer.	3,978	21st Nov., 1897.

Connecting at COLOMBO with the S.S. POLLUCE to MADRAS and CALCUTTA on the Outward and Homeward Voyage.

For further particulars, Freight, Passage &c., apply to

E. SCARPA,
Agent.
Sassoon House, 93, Church Gate Street, Bombay, Oct. 27, 1897.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.
FOURWEEKLY DEPARTURE.

TO MARSEILLES DIRECT *VIA* ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on Friday.
CALEDONIEN	4,232	Durrande	26th November.
MELBOURNE	6,080	Duchesteau	24th December.
SALAZIE	4,355	Paul	21st Jan., 1898.

TO COLOMBO, SINGAPORE JAVA, SAIGON, TONQUIN CHINA JAPAN AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessels.	Captain	Tons.	To sail on or about the
S.S. X			18th Nov., 1897.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares. This arrangement will prove, in some cases, of special advantage to Passengers on three months' privilege leave.

For further Particulars apply to

P. DE BURE Acting Agent,
Old Oriental Bank Buildings, 57, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

WILLIAM WATSON AND CO.,

BANKERS & AGENTS,

BOMBAY—8, Hornby Road.
CALCUTTA—3-1, Council House Street.
KARACHI—Bunder Road.
LONDON—7, Waterloo Place, S. W.
LIVERPOOL—23, Water Street.
PORT SAID—3, Quay Francois Joseph.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened with any amount over Rs. 200 without charge for Commission, and Interest allowed.
FIXED DEPOSITS received for 3, 6, 9 and 12 months, at interest to be learned on application.
PAY, PENSIONS AND ANNUITIES collected FREE of COMMISSION, and without Life Certificates.
Letters of CREDIT payable anywhere, issued at Current Rates.
DRAFTS, CHEQUES AND BANK BILLS issued, cashed or sent for Collection.
TELEGRAPHIC AND REGULAR HOME FAMILY REMITTANCES made AT THE BEST Exchange rate of the day.
ADDRESSES of HOME friends for Telegraphic purposes registered FREE.
COLUMBUS Private CODE, minimizing expense, at CLIENTS' Service.
STOCKS, SHARES, &c., bought and sold.
GOVERNMENT PAPER AND OTHER SECURITIES kept for safe custody and interest and Dividends collected.
LOANS and ADVANCES made on approved securities.
MONIES Cabled and paid same day in England. Cost of Message about Rs. 3, and NO COMMISSION charged for remitting.
SOVEREIGNS, BANK NOTES, &c., bought and supplied at specially favourable rates.
ASSURANCE—LIFE, FIRE, MARINE—effected at reasonable rates.
Agents for the STANDARD AND ORIENTAL LIFE OFFICES.
Full information promptly given and Hand books sent free on application.

THOS. COOK AND SON,

BANKERS AND ARMY AGENTS.

PASSAGES PROMPTLY ENGAGED by P. & O. MAIL, and all other Steamers, including non-Liners, FREE of CHARGE for COMMISSION.

SPECIAL ATTENTION given to the selection of berths and Social Grouping of Passengers.
THROUGH TICKETS issued available from any Railway Station in India to all parts of the Globe.
CONTINENTAL TRAVELLING TICKETS issued, allowing breaks of journey at all places of interest.
PASSENGERS with COOK'S Tickets met and assisted at all Chief Continental Ports and Cities.
REDUCED RATES to Railway employes, Family Parties and Missionaries.
OUTWARD PASSAGES engaged and Tickets supplied from any part of the world to India.
HOTEL COUPONS available at over 2,000 Hotels.
REDUCED FARES for Military Officers, Government Officials and Missionaries to Europe via China and America.
DRAFTS and MONEY ORDERS issued, forwarded and insured.
SEA AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE policies issued.
CIRCULAR NOTES and LETTERS of CREDIT issued for the use of Travellers in all parts of the World.
DRAFTS issued at the Exchange of the day.
SOVEREIGNS, BANK NOTES, and Foreign money bought and supplied. CURRENT ACCOUNTS kept, and Interest allowed when the Cr. balance does not fall below Rs. 1,000
DEPOSITS received. Rate of interest on application.
INTEREST, PAY and PENSIONS collected and every description of Banking and Money Agency transacted.
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BOMBAY: 13, Esplanade Road.
CALCUTTA, Old Court House Street.

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THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED).

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. "KOLA," 1,192 tons, on the 30th Oct., at 2 p.m., or on arrival of English mail, if later arriving.

FOR KATHIAWAR COAST PORTS AND KURRACHEE.

S. S. "DUMRA," 1,695 tons, on the 2nd Nov., at 10 a.m., calling at Veraval, Mangrole, Porebunder, Cutch Mandvie and Kurrachee in the foregoing or any order. (Weather permitting.)

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "ASSYRIA," 1,495 tons, on the 4th Nov., at noon, calling at Kurrachee, Jask, Gwadur, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bushire, Fao, Mahomerah, Busreh in the foregoing or any order. (Weather permitting.)

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "NUDDEA," 2,964 tons, about 4th Nov.

FOR ADEN, LAMOO, MOMBASSA, AND ZANZIBAR.

S. S. "GOA," 1,903 tons, on or about 6th Nov.

FOR COAST AND RANGOON.

S. S. "CHUPRA," 1,944 tons, on or about 5th Nov.

FOR SEYCHELLES, MOMBASSA, ZANZIBAR, AND DELAGOA BAY.

S. S. "CULNA," 1,984 tons, on or about 12th Nov, calling at Seychelles, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, and Delagoa Bay, in the foregoing or any order.

WESTERN AUSTRALIAN GOLD FIELDS.

PASSENGERS and Cargo booked through from Calcutta, Madras, Colombo, Bombay or Rangoon via Singapore for all adjacent ports to the various Gold Fields. Fortnightly departures from Singapore.

For further particulars apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 28th October, 1897.

KING, KING & CO.,

BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGES engaged by P. & O. and all Steamers at the lowest rates obtainable free of charge or Commission.

Lists of the LATEST SAILINGS, with Fares and full information as to berths available, furnished at once.

Special attention paid to the grouping of those wishing to travel 2nd Class, P. & O. Every assistance rendered to Passengers arriving in Bombay for embarkation. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and shipped.

THROUGH RAILWAY TICKETS from any Station in India to Bombay, and Tickets for all Continental Routes furnished on application.

SPECIAL AGENTS of the Firm meet all Steamers at BRINDISI and MARSEILLES.

PACKAGES of every description received for despatch as CARGO to Messrs. Henry S. King & Co., London; or Messrs. King, Baillie & Co., Liverpool. Freight and Marine Insurance effected at the Lowest Rates. QUOTATIONS FURNISHED on APPLICATION.

KING, HAMILTON & CO.,
CALCUTTA.
HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

THOS. COOK AND SONS,

BANKERS AND PASSENGER AGENTS.

PASSAGES PROMPTLY ENGAGED by P. & O. MAIL and all other Steamers, including Non-Liners, FREE of CHARGE for COMMISSION,

SPECIAL ATTENTION given to the Selection of Berths and Grouping of Passengers.

CONTINENTAL TRAVELLING TICKETS issued available by any route, and allowing breaks of Journey at all places of interest *en route*.

PASSENGERS with COOK'S TICKETS met and assisted at Bombay, London, Gravesend, Liverpool, Brindisi, Napoli, Genoa, Marseilles, Venice, Paris, and all Chief Continental Ports and Cities.

RAILWAY OFFICIALS, MISSIONARIES, FAMILY PARTIES, &c., booked at reduced rates.

SAILING LISTS and all information on application.

BOMBAY: 13, Esplanade Road.
CALCUTTA: Old Court House Street.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO., BOMBAY.

GRINDLAY & CO., CALCUTTA,

BANKERS AND AGENTS.

PASSENGER DEPARTMENT.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES booked without charge and on the most favourable terms. Berth carefully selected, with special attention to grouping.

SLEEPING CAR AND CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured.

RAILWAY OFFICIALS, MISSIONARIES, &c., booked on terms of existing concessions.

PASSENGERS met on arrival.

CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES, DRAFTS, and SOVEREIGNS, at current rates.

HAND-BOOKS supplied gratis, and general information promptly given.

LONDON AGENTS.—MESSRS. GRINDLAY & Co.

NOW READY.

In Pamphlet Form

FULL REPORT OF THE PROSECUTION OF THE Hon. Mr. BAL GANGADHER TILAK At the Bombay High Court Criminal Sessions.

PRICE: 4 Annas per Copy.

Copies can be had from the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office; Messrs. THACKER and Co.; Messrs. A. J. COMBRIDGE and Co., Fort; from Mr. SOONDER ANAND-RAO, Kalbadevie Road; Mr. HISAMUDIN AMIRUDIN BAPWAY, Thana, Cloth Merchant, opposite Police Chowkey, No. 2, Railway Station Road; Mr. SUNDER PANDURANG, Bookseller, Kalbadevie Road; and the *Deccan Herald* Press, Poona.

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of the Blood, whether the after-effect of Contagious Disease, hereditary taint, or foul matter of any description, are positively carried out of the system by taking "CLARKE'S WORLD-FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE," the great Blood Purifier and Restorer. For cleansing and clearing the Blood from all Impurities it cannot be too highly recommended. For Scrofula, Scurvys, Eczema, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent Cure. It is the only real specific for Gout and Rheumatic Pains, for it removes the "cause" from the blood and bones. To be had of Chemists, &c., everywhere at 2s. 9d. and 11s. per Bottle. Thousands of Testimonials.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS

warranted to cure all Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex (acquired or constitional), Gravel and Pains in the Back. Guaranteed free from Mercury. Sold in Boxes, 4s. 6d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the world. Proprietors:—THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG Co., Lincoln, England.

EDUCATION IN GERMANY.

HOME in the family of Dr. Gloël for one or two boys, attending the Royal College (Gymnasium) in Wesel. Residence in healthy situation surrounded by Private Park. Terms £75 per year.

Application to

DR. GLOËL,
Landdrost Strickrodt's,
Wesel-am-Rhein,
Germany.

NOTICES.

FROM

R. THORNE & SONS, LD.,
London, 7th October, 1897.

MESSRS. SAMUEL FITZE & Co., Bombay.

DEAR SIRS,—We have pleasure in intimating that we have APPOINTED YOU SOLE AGENTS in BOMBAY, for the SALE of our VARIOUS BRANDS of SCOTCH and IRISH WHISKY, OLD TOM, GIN, and LION BRAND RUM.

We are, Dear Sirs, Yours Faithfully,

R. THORNE & SONS, LD., DISTILLERS,
London, Greenock, Dublin and Liverpool.

NOTICE.

THE MERCANTILE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA.

WE have been APPOINTED AGENTS of the above Company, and are now prepared to accept Fire Risks on Goods and Properties of all kinds in Bombay and in the Mofussil at current rates.

M. S. JAMSETJEE & Co.

Bombay, 4th October, 1897.

THE STEWARDS, W. I. T. C., will AGE, CLASS and MEASURE HORSES at Messrs. ANDERSON and Co.'s YARD, Byculla, on SUNDAY, 31st October, 1897, at 7 A.M.

Forms will be supplied by Messrs. Anderson and Co., on payment of Rs. 20.

By Order,
CECIL GRAY,
Secretary, W.I.T.C.

VICTORIA JUBILEE TECHNICAL INSTITUTE, BOMBAY.

EXAMINATIONS in 66 subjects will be held under the authority of the City and Guilds of London Institute each year in the month of May. Particulars will be found in the Programme of the Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, price two annas. Applications for examination must be received before the first Monday in March.

ENAMELLED NAME-PLATES, SIGN-BOARDS, and all description of Enamelled work in different colors, is being done at the Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, Bombay.

For prices and particulars, apply to the Principal.

NOWROSJEE N. WADIA,
Honorary Secretary.

THE HYDERABAD (DECCAN) SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the 36th DIVIDEND, at the Rate of 6¼ Rs. 50 (fifty) per Share, for the Half-year ended 30th June, 1897, has been declared, and will be paid to those Shareholders whose names appear in the Company's Register on the 7th day of October, 1897, at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 8, Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay, on and after MONDAY, the 1st November, 1897, between the hours of 11 to 2 P.M., on production of their Share Certificates.

By order of the Board of Directors,
For the Hyderabad (Deccan) Spinning and Weaving Company, Limited.

J. SEYMOUR KEAY,
Secretary, Treasurer and Agent,
by FLEMING, SHAW & Co.,
Its Attorneys.

Bombay, 23rd October, 1897.

THE MERCANTILE PRESS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the FIFTEENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the MERCANTILE PRESS COMPANY, LIMITED, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 51, Apollo St. cot, Fort, Bombay, on SATURDAY, the 30th October, 1897, at 5-30 p.m., for the purpose of transacting the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Balance-sheet made up to the year ending 30th inst. 1897.

2. To elect Directors in the room of the Directors who retire by rotation, but are eligible for re-election.

3. To appoint Auditors for the ensuing year and fix their remuneration.

4. The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 18th October, 1897, up to 30th October, 1897, both days inclusive.

And to transact any other business which the Chairman may bring before the meeting.

By order of the Board of Directors,
TALAKCHAND and SHAPURJI,
Secretaries and Treasurers.

Bombay, 8th October, 1897.

VICTORIA JUBILEE TECHNICAL INSTITUTE, BYCULLA, BOMBAY.

DAY CLASSES.—The Classes in ENGINEERING and COTTON MANUFACTURE will RE-OPEN on WEDNESDAY, the 27th October, 1897.

Students are trained to become qualified workmen in addition to receiving instruction in Machine Drawing, Steam, Mechanics and other complementary subjects. The course of instruction lasts for 3 years.

EVENING CLASSES AND PUBLIC LECTURES.—

A MACHINE DRAWING CLASS will be held to qualify candidates to take positions as DRAUGHTSMEN.

It is proposed also to open a Class for LOCOMOTIVE ENGINEERING which will be held on SATURDAY afternoons, practice work will be given on the Institute Locomotive Engine.

A Series of EVENING LECTURES on practical subjects will be given throughout the Session and these will be open to the PUBLIC.

The PROGRAMME of the Institute giving full particulars can be had from the Principal on forwarding 2 annas in Stamps.

C. N. WADIA,
Ag. Honorary Secretary.

PORBANDAR STATE, KATHIAWAR.

NOTICE to CONTRACTORS.—Tenders are invited for the work of constructing a Shutter Weir a Lock, Regulators and protective works and near the River Bhadar; Dredging the River bed and Excavating Drainage Channels.

The cost of the works which will probably be executed at present, will probably amount to Three Lakhs of Rupees.

Plans, Specifications and estimate may be inspected at the office of the undersigned, and Form of Tender obtained, on and after MONDAY, the 1st November, during office hours.

Contractors should give undersigned previous notice of their intention to visit the site of the works.

Tenders will be received at noon on MONDAY, the 22nd November next.

It must be clearly understood by Tenderers that the Administrator, Porbandar State, is not bound to accept the lowest Tender or any Tender.

J. J. B. BENSON, A.M. I.C.E.,
State Engineer.

Porbandar, 15th October, 1897.

LIST OF ESTATES to which Letters of Administration have been granted to the Administrator-General, Bombay, and of Estates which have come under his charge:—

JANARDHAN NARAYEN RANADE, late of Bombay, Hindu.
FRANCIS TRIPP, late Telegraph Inspector G. I. P. Railway, Shegaon.
BALAJI BALLOO CHARKOL, late of Bombay, Kamati Fulmali.
KHIMJEE CHAPSEY, late of Bombay, Hindu.
ROBERT HENRY MICHAELSON YEATES, late Lieutenant, Royal Engineers, Fort Sandeman.
JOSEPH DOWLING, late Canteen Steward, 2nd Battalion Royal Irish Rifles, Poona.
ATMARAM HAMODER, late of Bombay, Hindu.
ABDULLABHOY MULA SUMSOODIN, of Bombay and late of Sidhpore, Mahomedan.
RAMJEE GOVINDJEE, late of Bombay, Hindu.

ALL PERSONS having claims against being indebted to or holding property belonging to the above-named estates are hereby requested to state their claims pay their debts and hand over such property to the undersigned forthwith. All claims must be sent to the undersigned, at his office, within one month from the date of this advertisement. At the expiration of the said period the assets of the estates will be distributed and claims received after that period will not be recognised.

LOUIS P. RUSSELL,
Ag. Administrator-General.
Administrator-General's Office, High Court, Bombay, Oct. 1897.

DECCAN BANKING AND AGENCY CORPORATION, LIMITED.
(Registered under the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1882.)
CAPITAL Rs. 10,00,000.
Divided into 10,000 Shares, of Rs. 100 each.

HEAD OFFICE—173, Broadway, Madras.
BOMBAY BRANCH—5, Patel Street, Fort, B'bay

FIXED PERIOD deposits received at 5 per cent. per annum for 12 months, and 5 per cent. for 6 months.
GUARANTEED PENSION DEPARTMENT—Deposits of Rs. 5 or more per month received and interest allowed at 6¼ per cent. per annum, (to be retained).
LOANS and ADVANCES granted on Trade Goods, Bill of Sale, Jewellery or any other approved security with prompt attention.

Agency of every description undertaken.
Every kind of Goods supplied to and sold for the Mofussil Trading Firms, Traders, &c. Apply for particulars to

M. HARE & Co.,
Managing Agents.

N. B.—Agencies with leading FIRMS or influential and energetic gentlemen in the Mofussil towns can be arranged.

A TERRIBLE COUGH.
A TERRIBLE COUGH.
A TERRIBLE COUGH.

"84, Commercial Road, Peckham, July 12.
"Dear Sir,—I am a poor hand at expressing my feelings, but I should like to thank you. Your lozenges have done wonders in relieving my terrible cough. Since I had the operation of 'Tracheotomy' (the same as the late Emperor of Germany), and unlike him, thank God, I am still alive) performed at St. Bartholomew's Hospital, no one could possibly have had a more violent cough: it was so bad at times that it quite exhausted me. The mucous which was very copious and hard, has been softened, and I have been able to get rid of it without difficulty.—I am, sir, yours truly, J. HILL."

A DOCTOR'S TESTIMONY.
A DOCTOR'S TESTIMONY.
A DOCTOR'S TESTIMONY.

"South Park, Cardiff, South Wales, Sept. 28, 1893.
"I have, indeed, great pleasure in adding my testimony to your excellent preparation of Cough Lozenges, as I have prescribed it now for the last eight years: my hospital and private practice, and found it of great benefit. I often suffer from Chronic Bronchitis; your Lozenges is the only remedy which gives me immediate ease. Therefore, I certainly and most strongly recommend your Lozenges to the public who may suffer from Catarrh, Bronchitis, Winter Cough, or any kind of Pulmonary Irritation.—Yours truly,
"A. GABRIEL, M.D., L.R.C.P. & L.M., Edinburgh, L.R.C.S. & L.M., Edinburgh.

USE KEATING'S LOZENGES.
USE KEATING'S LOZENGES.
USE KEATING'S LOZENGES.

"IT IS 75 YEARS AGO" since KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES were first made, and the sale is larger than ever, because they are unrivalled in the relief and cure of Winter Cough, Asthma, and Bronchitis; one alone gives relief.

UTTERLY UNRIVALLED.
UTTERLY UNRIVALLED.
UTTERLY UNRIVALLED.

Keating's Cough Lozenges, the unrivalled remedy for COUGHS, HOARSENESS, and THROAT TROUBLES are sold in Bottles, by all Chemists.

—BURGUNDIES—

OF GOOD VINTAGE AND IN

EXCELLENT CONDITION.

STILL WINES.	Cash. Qts. per doz. Rs.	a.	Pts. per doz. Rs.	a.	Credit. Qts. per doz. Rs.	a.	Pts. per doz. Rs.	a.
CHAMBERTIN, a rich Burgundy of selected vintage	43	0	22	8	48	0	25	4
POMARD	25	0	13	12	27	14	15	6
MACON, possessed of fine flavour and aroma	23	0	12	12	25	10	14	4
BEAUNE, a full-bodied Burgundy	28	8	15	12	31	12	17	8
CHABLIS, a full-flavoured white Burgundy	27	0	15	0	30	0	16	12

SPARKLING.	Pints. Cash per doz. Rs.	a.	Credit, per doz. Rs.	a.
RICH SPARKLING RED, very choice Desert Wine	30	8	34	0

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MAHABLESHWAR.

THACKER & CO., LD., BOMBAY.

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AN AFRICAN MILLIONAIRE. By Grant Allen.
JEROME. By Mary E. Wilkins.
"A MAN'S UNDOING." By Mrs. Lovett Cameron.
"ONLY A FLIRT." By Mrs. Jocelyn.
"DID HE DESERVE IT?" By Mr. Riddell.
VALDAR THE OFT BORN. By George Griffith.
LADY MARY'S EXPERIENCES. By Mrs. Jocelyn.
A DOZEN WAYS OF LOVE. By L. Dougall.
"THAT AFFAIR NEXT DOOR." By A. K. Green.
"A MARRIAGE IN CHINA. By C. Little.
"THE EYE OF ISTAR." By Wm. Le Queux.
"ARRESTED." By Esme Stuart.

—DEWAR'S— —PERTH— —WHISKY.—

SOLE AGENTS:

LATHAM AND CO.,

ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY. BUNDER ROAD, KARACHI.

RETAIL AGENT.—D. D. BARIA, Crawford Market.

FULL PARTICULARS ON APPLICATION.

UNION ASSURANCE SOCIETY.

Established in 1714. Accumulated Funds, £2,932,697 Stg.

LONDON & LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE CO.

Capital fully subscribed.....£2,127,500 Stg.
Total Security to Policy-holders .....£3,000,694 Stg.

SUN INSURANCE OFFICE.

The Oldest Fire Office in the World, Founded 1710.
Total Sum Insured in 1896 .....£388,950,000 Stg.

LONDON ASSURANCE CORPORATION.

Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1720. Fire Prem. in 1896, £397,097 Stg.

SOUTH BRITISH INSURANCE CO. OF NEW ZEALA

Authorized Capital.....£1,900,000 Stg.
Claims paid to date.....£2,725,000 Stg.

RELIANCE MARINE INSURANCE CO., LD.

Capital fully subscribed, £500,000 Stg. Reserve Fund, £100,000 Stg.

As Agents of the above-named Companies, we are prepared to accept Risks, Fire, and Marine, at Current Rates.

GREAVES, COTTON & CO.,

1, FORBES STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

BOLTON AND COMPANY

Beg to invite attention to the

NEW STOCK OF STORES AND PROVISIONS.

Imported from the best Houses in perfectly fresh condition.

HUNTLEY and PALMER'S BISCUITS of all Kinds.

WINES AND SPIRITS, BEERS AND STOUTS,

of the approved Brands only.

BAHADUR CIGARS.

FRIENDS AT HOME
SHOULD NOT BE FORGOTTEN
AT XMAS TIME.

WHAT MORE WELCOME PRESENT COULD BE THOUGHT OF THAN A HAMPER OF REALLY

CHOICE CIGARS

SUCH AS THE FAVOURITE

"BAHADUR."

Orders Booked for Delivery to any part of the United Kingdom FREE of all CHARGES to the RECIPIENT.

SOLE PROPRIETORS AND MANUFACTURERS,

McDOWELL & CO.,

MADRAS AND LONDON.

THE INDIAN "PREMIER" BICYCLE

THE CHEAPEST BICYCLE	IN THE WORLD.	PRICE Rs. 250 CASH.	PRICE Rs. 275 CREDIT.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,

HAVE the pleasure to announce that they have eventually succeeded in influencing THE PREMIER CYCLE CO., LTD., to Manufacture a PLAIN, SOUND and SERVICEABLE BICYCLE at a price that will bring a Machine within touch of those who either cannot or will not invest in the more costly models. The outcome of their endeavours to place a thoroughly reliable Machine on the market is the

INDIAN "PREMIER"

which is built by THE PREMIER CYCLE CO., LTD., of WELDLESS TUBES and fitted with the WARWICK PNEUMATIC Tyre licensed under the WELCH PATENT.

MARCKS & CO., LTD., are prepared to back these WELDLESS TUBE ROADSTERS for Excellence, Appearance and WEAR against any Machine manufactured of Weldless Tubing as every individual part has been most carefully put together.

Though the CHEAPEST MACHINE in the WORLD, it is destined nevertheless to take a PROMINENT POSITION in the ADVANCE-GUARD OF BICYCLES.

MARCKS AND CO., LIMITED

BOMBAY AND POONA.

LONDON & LANCASHIRE LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY,

[ESTABLISHED 1862.]

Assurances on every sound and approved Plan effected on most Favourable Terms.

PROGRESS OF THE COMPANY
DURING 11 YEARS ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1896.

Year.	New Assurances.	Net Premium Income.	Invested Funds.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1885	73,48,020	14,76,426	53,28,570
1896	1,58,50,446	39,09,890	2,07,07,563

It will thus be seen that in Eleven Years the Net Premium Income has nearly trebled whilst the Funds have almost quadrupled, which remarkable expansion affords convincing testimony of Good Management and Successful Working, and promises splendid results in the future.

CHIEF AGENTS:—W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., BOMBAY.

THE NORWICH UNION FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY
(ESTABLISHED 1797).

THE PHŒNIX FIRE OFFICE OF LONDON
(ESTABLISHED 1782).

THE LANCASHIRE INSURANCE CO.

(ESTABLISHED 1850).

THE STRAITS INSURANCE CO., SINGAPORE (MARINE).
THE WORLD MARINE INSURANCE CO., LD.

As Agents of the above First-class Offices, we are prepared to accept LIFE, FIRE, and MARINE RISKS.

Terms on Application to W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., BOMBAY.

HELMETS—SUN PROOF.

KHAKI REGULATION, Rs. 13-8.	WHITE SHIKAR, Rs. 10-8.	GREY FELT "DRESS," Rs. 18-8.

ASQUITH & LORD, TAILORS AND OUTFITTERS. APOLLO STREET, BOMBAY.

BEST FOR WARM CLIMATES.
CALVERT'S
CARBOLIC SOAPS,
The Original and only reliable Brand.
TOILET SOAP, 6d. Tablets.
PRICKLY-HEAT SOAP, 6d. and 1s. Bars.
Each containing 10 per cent. pure Carbolic.
(Used by H. R. H. the Prince of Wales when in India)
Pleasantly perfumed for Bath or Toilet.
Very serviceable as preventives of Prickly-heat and other Skin irritation.

Extract of letter from FRED. I. MOUAT, Esq., late Professor of Medicine in the Calcutta Medical College:
"For some time before I left India I used your Carbolic Soaps with much advantage—indeed I ceased to use any other. I found none so soothing to the discomfort caused by Prickly-heat, profuse perspiration, and other sources of dermic irritation."

BEST FOR HORSES & DOGS
IS
CALVERT'S
CARBOLIC SOFT SOAP,
Cures Mange, destroys parasites on Animals, gives a healthy tone to the skin, improves the coat, and prevents unpleasant odour. Specially useful against Greasy Heel, Hoarall, or Mud Fever on Horses, and Sore Ears, &c. Has proved a cure for Itch and other Skin Diseases. Very suitable for washing floors and rooms infected with Measles, or where Contagious Diseases are present.

USED IN HER MAJESTY'S KENNELS.

In 1 lb. & 2 lb. Jars, at 1s. & 2s. each; 4 & 7lb. Tins, at 3s. & 5s. each (English Rates)

F. C. CALVERT & CO. MANCHESTER, ENGLAND,
AWARDED 76 GOLD AND SILVER MEDALS AND DIPLOMAS.

ED. BLANCHY & CO., BORDEAUX.

CELEBRATED WINES & BRANDIES.

CLARETS	WHITE WINES	BRANDIES.
MEDOC	GRAVES	COGNAC
ST. JULIEN	BARSAC	"
ST. ESTEPHE	SAUTERNE	"
MARGAUX		1884 Vintage.

Specially recommended.

The Brandies of this Firm are recognised on the Continent and in England as equal to any of the well-known Brands; while the Wines are of exceptionally good value.

SOLE AGENTS FOR INDIA:—

LATHAM & CO., Bunder Road, KARACHI. Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

BLANDY BROS., MADEIRA & LONDON.

MADEIRAS. PORTS. SHERRIES.

SOLE AGENTS FOR WESTERN INDIA:—

LATHAM & CO., Bunder Road, KARACHI. Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

PURE AERATED WATERS FROM BEYNON & CO.

OUR FACTORY is under EUROPEAN MANAGEMENT and all Water used is filtered through the PASTEUR MALLIE FILTER, and is rendered perfectly sterilized.

Soda, As. 8. Lemonade, As. 10. Tonic, As. 12 per dozen.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ILLUMINATIONS

AND

ADDITIONS TO PHOTOGRAPHS

THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 30th instant,
From 6-30 to 10 P.M.

Tickets for Admission will be available at our Office on application.

Ladies and Gentlemen who were invited on TUESDAY last are requested to kindly present their Invitation Cards at the entrance.

RAJA DEEN DAYAL & SONS,
PHOTOGRAPHERS
TO HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN-EMPRESS OF INDIA,
Whiteaway, Laidlaw Building, Bombay.

NOTICE.

IMPORTANT TO MILL MANAGERS AND ENGINEERS.

FOR SALE.

Two	32 H. P. Locomotive Boilers, with all mountings and injectors complete by Marshall and Sons.
Two	22 H. P. Robey's High Speed Engines, coupled direct to two Phœnix 45 amperes, 104 volts, shunt armature, by the Bombay Electric Supply and Trading Co., Limited, steam Pipes, 3" x 3½" x 3", by Smith Vaile and Co.
One	Worthington Feed Pump, 3" x 2" x 3".
One	Feed Water Heater, with 4" steam and 1" water connections.
One	Hydraulic Accumulator, weight about 20 tons, 16" plunger, 7 feet stroke, by Thomas and Sons.
One	Switch-board, 7 main and 6 circuit switches, volt meters and ammeters, by Switch Co.
One	Wrought Iron Chimney, 37 feet, by 2'-4", with base plate.
Twelve	Cast Iron Columns, 12 feet long, 10" dia.

Also some smaller G.I. Columns, etc., etc.
All nearly new and in first class condition.
Offers will be received by the GENERAL MANAGER, Army and Navy Co-operative Society, at his Office in Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, where full particulars can be obtained.

NOW READY.

"BOMBAY GAZETTE"
OVERLAND SUMMARY.

The *BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY* prepared for despatch by each Overland Mail for Europe, contains, in addition to all the news of the week, a specially-written Market and Freight Report, and a well-digested Summary of Events.

Annual Subscription (in advance).....Rs. 12
Ditto (including postage to Europe). Rs. 15
Single Copy .....As. 4

"Bombay Gazette" Office, Esplanade Road, Fort.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

FOR SALE.

WROUGHT AND CAST SCRAP IRON STEEL AXLES, &c.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Mr. Agent, at his office, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, up to 12 A. (noon), on WEDNESDAY, 17th November next, for the purchase of any number out of

37 LOTS OF SCRAP IRON AND STEEL, AGGREGATING ABOUT 1,077 TONS.

Now lying ready for inspection at the Company's Depot, Wari Bunder, Mazagaon, to be seen on application to the Wharf Superintendent.

Forms of Tender can be obtained from the undersigned, and must be sent in with a deposit as security for the due fulfilment of contract.

The Agent does not bind himself to accept the highest or any Tender.

ALFRED KING,
General Storekeeper.

General Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 28th October, 1897.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

TEAK LOG TIMBER.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Mr. Agent, at his Office, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, upto 12 P.M. (noon), on THURSDAY, 11th November, for the supply of

800 TONS OF RANGOON MOULMEIN OR SIAM TEAK LOGS.

Deliveries to be delivered not later than 15th November, remainder not later than 1st February next.

Tenderers to quote the rate per ton of 50 cubic feet, delivered at the Company's Locomotive premises, Parel, and state the maximum percentage of rejections allowed in the raft.

Tenders must be accompanied by the specification of ship-board whether exactly whether the timber tendered is Moulmein, Rangoon, or Siam.

The Mr. Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

ALFRED KING,
General Storekeeper.

General Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 25th October, 1897.

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL £2,127,500 Sterling.

RESULTS OF 1896.

.....		£836,165
.....	£36,800	
.....	36,116	
.....		120,916
.....	£17,550	
.....	18,366	
.....		120,916

LOSSES paid during past TEN YEARS.
£4,363,174.

FINANCIAL PROGRESS.

	Premiums.	Reserve Fund
1876	£240,739	£37,91
1886	452,110	376,412
1896	836,165	873,194

Insurances granted on all classes of risks in Bombay or the Mofussil. Surveys made and specifications of COTTON MILLS and other risks drawn up free of charge.

BOMBAY BRANCH OFFICE:—4, Forbes Street.

WM. D. GRAHAM,
Resident Secretary.

AGENTS:—
Messrs. DAVID SASSOON & Co.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY.

THE BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT, AND SUMMARY OF TRADE.

Published at the *Bombay Gazette* Office on the Departure of the Overland Mail for Europe.

The Bombay Price Current contains—
A Carefully-Written Market Report.
Freight Report, &c.
Summary of Cotton Exports during the Week.
Imports and Exports of Bullion.
Comparative Summaries of Imports from Bombay up to date as per Ships' Manifests, with the total Exports for the month, and for the same period, as far back as 1858 and 1895, respectively.
Comparative Summaries of Imports, of Piece-Goods, and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain up to date, with the total for the month, and the same period, as far back as 1893 and 1895, respectively.
Share Lists and Rates of Exchange.
List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, and Arrivals and Departures of Vessels during the Week.
Charters and Engagements.

Annual Subscription in advance,...Rs 10.
Single Copy.....Annas 4.

"Bombay Gazette" Office, Esplanade Road, Fort.

R. SCOTT & CO., M.R.C.V.S.

GIRGAUM VETERINARY AND COMMISSION STABLES

OLDEST ESTABLISHED FIRM IN BOMBAY

CHARGERS, Polo Ponies, Hacks and Carriage Horses selected for local and Up-country consignment. Horses shod on the most approved principles, under Personal Supervision.

Horses broken to saddle (fee 15), and double Harness (fee 30). Saddle (fee 15), Bow Waters Charged extra. Horses standing on Commission Sale, or for treatment—

	Rs. a.
At Livery, including Syce per mensem	
Commission on Horses Bought or Sold	17 0
Examination and Certificate	10 0
Verbal opinion as to Soundness	5 0
Operated Horse lost, best in the market, per eye...	5 0

Medicines Oriental Oils, Bran, etc., supplied.

MENZI'S SPECTACLES.

MARCKS & CO.'S SPECTACLES.

WE beg to bring to the notice of the towing revised PRICE LIST :—

Menzi's Spectacles.	Gold.	Silver.	Steel.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
With Turnip Sides	63	26	16
With Single temple Sides	30	24	15
Folders	50	28	16

Spectacles and Folders as above but fitted with Marcks and Co.'s Pebbles, Rs.5 reduction on Gold and Silver, and Re. 4 reduction on Steel. The new Gold and Steel Spectacle Frames, fitted with Menzi's or Marcks' Pebbles same as above.

All the newest patterns in Frames always in Stock.

REPAIRS EXECUTED by the most EXPERIENCED WORKMEN at reasonable rates. OCULISTS PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY PREPARED.

SPECIAL.

Our celebrated, VIOLET TINTED, SUN, GLARE and DUST GLASSES, unobtainable to people who suffer from the extreme glare of a tropical climate, may be procured in oblong, oval, bicycle, Silver or Gold Frames, Japanese cane, nickel gauze cane, Solar cane with folding sides, folders and Globular Spectacles, from Rs.2 per pair.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONAH

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

CLUB WINES.

PHIPSON & Co., Bombay, are now supplying 230 Military Messes and 69 Clubs with the finest VINTAGE WINES, Spirits, or Liqueurs from the following well-known Houses :—

POMMERY AND GRENO	Rheims.
VEUVE CLICQUOT PONSARDIN	Rheims.
WILLIAMS, HUMBERT & Co.	Jerez.
GEORGE TANQUERAY & Co.	London.
HEIDSIECK & Co.	Rheims.
CARSTAIRS & ROBERTSON	Leith.
PERRIER JOUET & Co.	Epernay.
PAGE AND SANDEMAN	London.
POL ROGER & Co.	Rheims.
BOLLINGER & Co	Ay.
JAMES HAWKEN & Co.	Plymouth.
JUSTERINI & BROOKS	London.
COCKBURN & CAMPBELL	Leith.
DEUTZ & GELDERMANN	Ay.
NATH JOHNSTON & SONS	Bordeaux.
J. SACCONE	Gibraltar.
COSSART, GORDON & Co.	Madeira.
A. DE LUZE ET FILS	Bordeaux.
BUTLER, NEPHEW & Co	Oporto.
COCKBURN SMITHES & Co.	Oporto.
VAN-ZELLERS & Co.	Oporto.
WOODHOUSE & Co.	Marsala.
LEACOCK & Co.	Madeira.
AYALA & Co.	Ay.
RUINART PERE ET FILS	Rheims.
KIDD AND SHADBOLT	London.
P. J. VALCKENBERG	Worms.
C. MAREY & LIGER-BELAIR	Cotes d'Or.
J. & J. GRANT	Rothes.
ACKERMANN LAURANCE	Saumur
ANDREW ROWAN	Melbourne.
AUSTRALIAN WINE Co.	Melbourne.
JOS. DIETZL	Budapest.
R. SCHLUMBERGER	Vosiau.
JAMES CATHCART & Co.	Leith.
CHAS MACKINLAY & Co.	Leith.
JOHN CRABBIE & Co.	Leith.
SIR ROBERT BURNETT & Co.	London.
J. & W. NICHOLSON & Co.	London.
W. E. EDDISON & Co.	London.
EMIL POHL & Co.	London.
W. DOYLE	London.
GEO. IDLE CHAPMAN & Co.	London.

Secretaries and Presidents of Clubs and Military Messes can now obtain Wines, Spirits, or Liqueurs, &c., from the above well-known Firms, without the inconvenience and expense of importing direct.

PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION TO

PHIPSON & Co.,
BOMBAY.

PERRIER JOUET & CO.'S
"B." BRAND
CHAMPAGNE,
in Magnums, Quarts and Pints.
LYON & CO.,
Sole Agents, Bombay.

WHAT FINER CAN YOU DRINK THAN
JOHN JAMESON
& SONS' (DUBLIN)
"OWN CASED" VERY OLD BLACK-BOTTLE
WHISKEY.

Please see you get it with

METAL CAPSULES { BLUE.....One Star. PINK.....Two Stars. GOLD.....Three Stars.

OF ALL DEALERS.

Sole Export Bottling Agents to J. J. & S.:—
C. DAY & CO., LONDON.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY
TRADE THERAPION MARK.

This successful and highly popular remedy, as conveyed in the Continental Hospitals byHood, Rostan, Jobert, Velpeau, and others, combines all the desiderata to be sought in a medicine of the kind, and surpasses everything hitherto employed.

THERAPION NO. 1 in a few days only removes all discharges, effectually superseding injections, the use of which does irreparable harm by laying the foundation of stricture and other serious diseases. In dysmenorrhœa, irritation of the lower bowel, cough, bronchitis, asthma and some of the more trying complaints of this kind, it will be found astonishingly efficacious, affording prompt relief where other well-tried remedies have been powerless.

THERAPION NO. 2, for impurity of the blood, scurvy pimples, spots, blotches, pains and swellings of the joints, secondary symptoms, disease of the bones, sore throat, and all diseases for which it has been thought fashionable to employ mercury, sarsaparilla, etc., to the destruction of the sufferer's teeth and ruin of health. This preparation purifies the whole system through the blood, and thoroughly eliminates every poisonous matter from the body.

THERAPION NO. 3 for nervous exhaustion, waste of vitality and all the distressing consequences arising from early error, excess, confidence in bot, unhealthy climate, &c. It possesses surprising power in restoring strength and vigour to the debilitated.

THERAPION may be procured at 2s. 9d., and 4s. 6d. per package of all the principal Chemists and Merchants throughout the world. In ordering, the purchaser should state which of the three numbers he requires, and observe the above Registered Trade Mark, which is a facsimile of the word "THERAPION" as it appears on the Government Stamp (in white letters on a red ground) affixed to every genuine package by order of His Majesty's Hon. Commissioners and without which it is a forgery.

"THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE"
CLARKE'S
WORLD-FAMED
BLOOD MIXTURE

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER & RESTORER FOR CLEANSING and CLEARING the BLOOD from ALL IMPURITIES it cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scurvy Eczema, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kinds, it is a "never-failing and permanent Cure. It

Cures Old Sores,
Cures Sores on the Neck,
Cures Sore Legs,
Cures Blackhead or Pimples on the Face,
Cures Scurvy,
Cures Ulcers,
Cures Blood and Skin Diseases,
Cures Glandular Swellings,
Clears the Blood from all Impure Matter,
From whatever cause arising.

It is a real specific for Gout and Rheumatic pains, it removes the cause from the Blood and Bones.

As this Mixture is pleasant to the taste and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietor solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Translation of letter from Fiji.

The Letter of Jonathan to Mr. Dunsford.

"My Friend,—I write to you to-day to tell you about my illness. I love you very much to-day because of the medicine you gave to me. Three months I was very ill, truly, because of my leg. I could not plait mats, I could do nothing. I could not eat or sleep; but now I am quite well again. It is truly a wonderful medicine. I beg you, Mr. Dunsford, gives us one more bottle, as the months of boils is near.

"Preparation Day (Saturday), Bua, Vanual Levu."

Explanation of above Letter.

"In Fiji, at certain times of the year, both the European *constipata* and the natives themselves break out in boils, which, if not immediately seen to, not infrequently develop into terrible running sores. At these times I can conscientiously assert that I know of no better medicines than "Clarke's Blood Mixture," which I have used with unfailing success both among my white and black neighbours. The enclosed letter from "Jonathan, a Christianised Fijian, speaks for itself. For three months he had been almost a cripple, and yet one of your large bottles completely set him up. In ordinary cases even a lesser quantity will effect a cure.—I am dear Sir, yours faithfully,

"T. EDGCUMBE DUNSFORD,
"16 Leicester-square, London, W.C.
"21 June, 1897.

THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS.

Clarke's Blood Mixture is sold in Bottles 2s. 9d. each, and in cases containing six times the quantity, 11s.—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases. BY ALL CHEMISTS and PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS throughout the world. Proprietors: THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY, Lincoln, England. Trade Mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE.

CAUTION.—Purchasers of Clarke's Blood Mixture should see that they get the genuine article. Worthless imitations and substitutes are sometimes palmed off by unprincipled vendors. The words "Clarke's Blood Mixture," and Lincoln, England, are engraved on the Government stamp, and "Clarke's World-famed Blood Mixture" blown in the bottle WITHOUT WHICH NONE ARE GENUINE.

GERMANY.

HOTEL ENGLISCHERHOF
SOBERNHEIM A. D. NAHE
RHEINPROVINZ.

SOBERNHEIM is on the direct railway line between PARIS and BRUSSELS, one hour from AIX-LA-CHAPELLE.

BOARD (including room and attendance from one guinea a week. English spoken.

G. KIEHL, Proprietor.

THE EMPIRE OF INDIA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LD.

HEAD OFFICE: 29, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.

FIRST SEVEN MONTHS' BUSINESS
PROPOSALS FOR RS. 11,00,000

INTENDING ASSURERS are invited to compare the RATES and CONDITIONS of the "EMPIRE OF INDIA LIFE OFFICE" with those of any other Company.

The premiums are so moderate that at most of the insuring ages the average premium at present charged by offices doing business in India for a Policy for Rs. 1,000 will secure in the "Empire of India Life Office" an Assurance of Rs. 1,200 to Rs. 1,300, the difference of Rs. 200 to Rs. 300 being equivalent to an increase in the sum assured of Rs. 20 to Rs. 30 per cent.

ANNUAL PAYMENTS REQUIRED FOR VARIOUS KINDS OF POLICIES.
FOR Rs. 1,000 (With Profits).

Age next Birthday.	Sum Assured payable at Death.				Sum Assured payable in			
	Premiums throughout Life.	Premiums limited to 25 years.	Premiums limited to 20 years.	Premiums limited to 15 years.	25 years or at Death if previous.	20 years or at Death if previous.	15 years or at Death if previous.	
	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	
20	21 10	27 2	33 7	36 6	37 11	47 8	64 5	
25	24 2	29 7	33 0	39 4	38 7	48 0	64 13	
30	27 4	32 5	36 6	42 13	40 11	49 0	65 10	
35	31 5	35 14	39 12	47 1	44 10	50 8	66 12	
40	36 11	40 3	44 9	52 3	49 10	53 11	68 11	
45	43 14	46 12	50 13	58 12	56 13	49 6	71 11	

DISTINCTIVE FEATURES.
ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

All Funds invested in Government and other Securities, authorised by the Trust Act (II. of 1882).

In order to give greater security to the Policy-holders, it has been provided in the Articles of Association that two of the Members of the Board of Directors may be elected by the Policy-holders from amongst themselves, and thus have a voice in its Management. THIS CONCESSION IS NOT ALLOWED IN ANY OTHER PROPRIETARY INSTITUTION.

SURRENDER VALUES IN CASH OR FREE POLICY.

On participating Policies two-fifths (40 per cent.) and on non-participating Policies 35 per cent. of the total Premiums paid at the tabular rate.

Policies effected by Limited Number of Premiums and Endowment Assurances have a larger proportionate surrender value.

PROMPT PAYMENT OF CLAIMS.—Claims are payable immediately on receipt of satisfactory proof of death and title.

MEDICAL FEES AND POLICY STAMPS.—Are payable by the Company.

LOANS ON POLICIES.—Granted at six per cent. on the surrender value.

CHILDREN'S ENDOWMENTS.—All Premiums are returned in the event of the death of the Child.

Detailed Prospectus, Proposals, Reports and other particulars on application to

E. F. ALLUM, General Manager.

Active and energetic AGENTS and CANVASSERS WANTED all over India, Burma and Ceylon.

BADHAM, PILE & CO., LD.,

HAUTE NOUVEAUTE DE PARIS.

LADIES' WHITE BLACK AND COLORED FANCY STRAW HATS & TOQUES NOW BEING SHOWN.

BOMBAY.

TO COMMEMORATE
THE DIAMOND JUBILEE
A SPECIALLY PRINTED ENGRAVING
OF
H. M. THE QUEEN EMPRESS OF INDIA
H. R. H. THE PRINCE OF WALES
H. R. H. THE DUKE OF YORK
H. R. H. THE PRINCE EDWARD OF YORK
Will be PRESENTED to every purchaser of a Bottle of the
BEEHIVE BRANDY
Can be had at Rs. 2-4-0 per Bottle in Bombay from

D. C. OOMRIGUR.
D. D. BARIA.
E. B. LARDAWALLA & Co.
S. C. DOMRIGUR.
R. A. IRANI.
DENISON & Co.
J. F. KUTHOKE.
E. P. BATTLIWALLA & Co.
F. P. PEER.
MORENAS & Co.
JAMSHED N. GUZDUR.
G. D. DAMANIA.
H. D. MOOLAN.
M. P. BARIA.
PESTONJEE MANEKJEE
J. N. KAPADIA.
P. M. D'MONTE.
P. C. SHROFF.
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RENAL PILLS

The only reliable remedy for Pains in the Back, Gravel, Lumbago, Gout, Rheumatism, Diseases of the Bladder, &c., which, too frequently harass the sufferer over the best years of life, and seldom yield to anything feeble. For nervous exhaustion, the loins, sandy, or other deposits, they are indeed unrivalled. They correct acidity of the stomach, and promote the functions of the kidneys. In ordering, the purchaser should state which of the three numbers he requires, and observe the above Registered Trade Mark, which is a facsimile of the word "THERAPION" as it appears on the Government Stamp (in white letters on a red ground) affixed to every genuine package by order of His Majesty's Hon. Commissioners and without which it is a forgery.

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Illustrated and Narrative Supplements should read the *Medical Advocate*, by Dr. De Roos, containing 192 pages, of information which every young man should possess, on the secret causes of nervous debility, impotency, depression of spirits, and confirmed melancholy. Sent post free on receipt of twelve penny stamps (English or Colonial), by Mr. Lawes, Medical Publisher, 14 Hard Court, Holborn, London, W.C., or obtainable of any of the Agents for Dr. De Roos' Medicines.

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GUTTÆ VITÆ,
OR, LIFE DROPS.

The Great European Remedy for Nervous & Functional Debility, Spermatorrhœa, &c.

This remarkable rejuvenating essence strengthens the vitality of the whole system, gives energy to the muscles, and specially restores the impaired powers of life, imparting strength and manly vigour to the most debilitated and worn-out constitution. Those who suffer from Premature Decay, or deficiency of the Vital Forces, owing to indiscretion in early life, or any other cause, will find this medicine just what they require. Equally adapted for the strictness and sedentary; the aged and infirm; the nervous and debilitated; an also for delicate females and weakly children. All sufferers from loss of appetite, nervous headache, lassitude, and despondency—too often accompanied with suicidal thoughts—should make immediate and fair unprejudiced trial of this wonderful medicine, which is daily effecting the most remarkable cures in patients who had been given up by the Faculty. In all cases of nervous and functional debility (arising from whatever cause), it is truly unrivalled. To married persons especially, this preparation will prove invaluable, giving strength and vigour in place of lassitude and incapacity.—Price 11s., or four times that quantity, 33s. per bottle.

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Illustrated and Narrative Supplements should read the *Medical Advocate*, by Dr. De Roos, containing 192 pages, of information which every young man should possess, on the secret causes of nervous debility, impotency, depression of spirits, and confirmed melancholy. Sent post free on receipt of twelve penny stamps (English or Colonial), by Mr. Lawes, Medical Publisher, 14 Hard Court, Holborn, London, W.C., or obtainable of any of the Agents for Dr. De Roos' Medicines.

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CAPITAL £800,000
RESERVE FUND..... £375,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS £800,000

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Acting Agent.
Bombay Agency, Elphinstone Circle.

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SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....Rs. 40,00,000
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(By Order of the Board,)
C. BERESFORD,
Manager.

Bombay, 30th July, 1897.

CRÉDIT LYONNAIS.

ESTABLISHED 1863.

CAPITAL (fully paid) Frs. 200,000,000 = £8,000,000
RESERVE FUND...Frs. 40,000,000 = £1,600,000

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Manager.

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Reserve Fund.....$ 7,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors.....$ 10,000,000

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SCENTED ORANGE PEKOE ....Nett per lb.	1 0
ORANGE PEKOE No. I ..... "	0 14
Do. No. II ..... "	0 14
Do. No. III ..... "	0 12
PEOPLE'S MIXTURE ..... "	0 12
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PAID UP CAPITAL ..... " 7,500,000
RESERVE FUND ..... " 6,010,000

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BANK.

	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last Half-Yearly Divid.	Cash Rate.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
INDIAN BANKS—					
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	all	10 p. c.	1,215
"	40,000	250	all	1 bon.	1,225
Bank of Upper India	40,000	500	all	15 per ct.	1,250
Commercial Bank	120,000	100	75	10 per ct.	120
Ld. Mercantile				10 p.c.	
EXCHANGE BANKS—					
Agra	1,00,000	20	all	3 pr. ct.	30
Chartered Bank	40,000	£20	£20	9 pr. ct.	£224
Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris					
Hongkong Bank	80,000	£125	all	£1-5s.	
Imperial Bank of India	48,000	£25	£12½	7 pr. ct.	3

PRESS COMPANIES.

			Yearly Divid.		
Albert	200	1,250	1,250	75	1,156
Albert Gimlino Co.	100	500	all	18 pr. ct.	45
Allsopt (Kohn-shee)	200	1,100	1,100	Rs 80	1,020
Bellary	167	1,000	1,000	dvd 14 p.	205
Bhor Diggi					
City Press	500	250	250	20	275
Bombay Cotton Trade Cham.	1,000	125	125	dv Rs12½	140
Bombay Gazette	400	200	200	14	175xd
Branch (Gujrati)	600	300	300	dvd Rs25	325
Press Co. Ld	1,500	1,500	1,500	dvd Rs15	305
Colaba	500	1,000	1,000	dvd 14 p.	1,100
Dast India	500	1,000	1,000	75	1,100
Dnyan Prakash and Mantg.	400	200	...	dvd Rs 8	95
Family	150	5,000	200	25+80	1,000
French	200	500	500	dvd Rs50	515
Harvey and Thakersey	450	450	500	dvd Rs40	350xd
Hingoll	200	100	100	dvd Rs11	145
Ld.	700	100	100	dvd Rall	145
Khanpur	240	450	450	Rs 40	4-5
Khalsa, Press Co., Ld.	300	200	all	15 pr. ct.	210
Kohinoor Cotton, Ld.	200	500	500	85	70
Mahomedi	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs10	1,300
Maratha	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil	915
Maya Mills	800	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs3	1,215
Mirat Mills	1,500	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs10	1,200
Samachar	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs30	2,050
Soonderdas	250	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs40	840
Southern India	1,200	250	250	50	350
Southern Mahratta	1,213	250	250	dv Rs 12½	350
Sun Mills, Ld.	1,300	250	250	dvd Rs 30	300
Standard Mills	1,800	500	500	25	510
Star of India	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil	600
Swadesh Mills	1,000	500	500	dvd Rs 5	550
Sawson and Albions	3,000	500	500	dvd Rs 15	560
Union Spinning and Manufacturing Co.	500	1,000	1,000	30	515
Union Mills Ld.	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs 30	500
Western India Lakha Maharaj Cotton Mill Co. Ld.	900	500	500	dvd Rs 45	410xd.
Victoria Mills Ld.	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs 50	850xdem.
Wadhwan City Gleaning Pressing & Manufacturing Co. Ld.	1,300	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs 50	770
Wallace Mills Co. Ld.	450	250	all	dvd Rs12½	270
Wadia Mills	1,000	1,000	...	...	...

SHIPPING ANNEXOUS

			Half yearly		
Alcock Ashdown	1,750	100	100	dvd Rs15	320
Asiatic Steam Navigation Co. Ld	20,000	1,000	100	...	90
Back for Days	1,000	50	50	12	45
Bahman Pile	5,000	100	100	12	114
Bombay Baghdad Steamship Co.	2,500	1,500	1,500	300	3,700
Do. New Issue.	500	375	625	75	1,075
Bombay Dock Mfg. Co. Ld	1,250	100	100	dvd 5	55
Bombay Land and Building	4,000	50	500	5 pr. ct.	50
Bombay Paper Mills	1,000	500	500	5 pr. ct.	205
Delhi and Northern Flour Mills	1,000	500	200	20 dvd Rs10	222½
Delhi Cloth & General Mills Co. Ld.	2,400	150	250	8 pr. ct.	210
Indian Gunnery & Shipbuilding Co. Ld.	5,000	100	10	10 pr. ct.	14
Kamp & Co.	1,500	100	100	10 pr. ct.	175
Karachee Canning	500	500	30	3	187
Marcks & Co.	4,000	100	100	dvd Rs15	168
Ld.	1,000	100	100	9 pr. ct.	40
Napier Hotel Co	2,000	100	100	...	60
Nasser Foundry	1,000	100	200	...	60
Oriental Govt. Security Life Insurance	5,000	200	50	12 pr. ct.	14
Phillips & Co.	4,000	100	100	dvd Rs 8	80
Ld.					
Port Canning Co.	6,000	100	1,000	dvd Rs20	475xd
Scott & Co.	1,000	100	10	5	60
Thacker & Co.	2,000	500	500	60	1,04
Thacker & Co.	1,000	100	100	15	150
Telephone Co.	9,000	251	10	dvd Rall	28 xd

PRICES OF BULLION

For reigns	Rs. 15-8
Carolus	...
Austrian Dollars	...
Gold Five-Franc Pieces	...
Bar Silver	40-12
Gold Leaf	34-11
Bar Gold, English	21-9-4
Per Australian	21 9
Per Bombay	21-7-6
Per Madras	21-6-5

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Three and-a-half per cent Reduced	97-3
Three and-a-half per cent 1861	108-2
Municipal 3 per cent. Debenture Loans	128
New French Loan 4 per cent. 1872	...
City of Paris Loan	...
3 per cent. Port Trust Bond	106

EXCHANGE

	Terms.		Rate.
London Banks	On demand	4s. 3 3-8	
do.	Telegraphic	4s. 3 5-8	
do.	4 Months sight	4s. 3 25-32	
do.	do.	4s. 3 3-4	
Do.	do.	4s. 3 13-16	
Do.	do.	4s. 3 27-32	
Do.	do.	4s. 3 31-32	
Do. Check	do.	4s. 3 31-16	
Do. do.	do.	4s. 3 15-16	
Paris	do.	90c. 1091	
Do.	do.	4 x. 167	
Calcutta	At sight	100 1-16 to 3-32	
do.	10 days	do.	...
do.	20 days	do.	...
Madras	10 days	do.	...
China	do.	do.	164

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child, suffering with the pain of cutting teeth, go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's soothing syrup. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to the taste, is per fect natural quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes as bright as a button. It corrects wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by all medicine dealers everywhere at 1s. 6d. per bottle.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 6h. 0m. Sun sets, 5h. 27m. High water, 3-11m. 2-0a. Low water, 8-44m., 7-46a.
P. and O. s. s. Peninsular, with English mails of the 15th instant, due to arrive, daylight.
Mercantile Press Company, Apollo Street, 2-30 p.m.
H. M.'s parade, Town Hall, 4-45 p.m.
Illuminations and Exhibition of Photographs, Raja Deen Dayal and Sons, 6-30 to 10 p.m.
B. V. A. Club, Apollo Bunder, Ladies' Concert, 9 p.m. Music on the Esplanade, 6 p.m.

TO-MORROW.

Sun rises, 6h. 0m. Sun sets, 5h. 27m. High water, 3-5m. 1-57a. Low water, 9-8m., 8-39a.
P. and O. Co. s. s. Carthage (extra steamer), due to arrive, noon.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The steamer Pindari entered the dock on Thursday, and the steamers Stolzenfels, Akbar, and Tokio left it yesterday.

VICTORIA DOCK.—The steamer Warora left the dock on Thursday.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Lamu, Mombassa, Tanga, Zanzibar, Daressalam, Ibo, Chinde, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay, Natal, Transvaal, Capa Colony, St. Marie, Diego Suarez, Mayotte, Majunga, and Nosibe, per extra s. s. Setos, will be closed at the General Post Office, at 1 p.m., on Monday.

MUSIC ON THE ESPLANADE.—By permission of the Officer Commanding and officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion R. B. and C. I. Volunteer Rifle Corps will play the following programme, at the Esplanade Bandstand, this evening, at 6 o'clock:—

March	Simon Tregoz	Lenhardt.
Minuet	La Joyeuse Reunon	Huebler.
Selection	Don Cesar de Bazan	Masanet.
Valse	Jeunesse Dorée	Waldteufel.
Selection	from The Circus Girl	Ivan Caryll
Pajomaises	Masken	Faust.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

MURDER OR SUICIDE?—Mr. Allan F. Turner, the coroner, held an inquiry, yesterday, at Haines Road, regarding the circumstances touching the death of Abba Dhondoo, aged twenty-five years, who was, on Thursday morning, found hanging, with a dhotur tied round his neck from the central beam of a shed, behind the Britannia Mill, on Haines Road. The circumstances of this case have already been reported. The deceased's brother in his evidence stated that whenever the deceased received his pay he used to drink and gamble, and returned home quite sullen and dejected. He had no enemies. The jury brought in a verdict of suicide.

FATAL RESULT OF THREADING ON A NAIL.—Mr. Allan F. Turner, the coroner, held an inquiry, yesterday, at the Sonapore burning-ground, touching the death of Lachha Halloo, the aged ten years, a mill-hand, employed in the Soonderdas Mill, and residing with his parents in the 8th Street, Kamathipoora. At noon, about fifteen days ago, the deceased, while walking in the compound of the mill, accidentally trod on a nail, sustaining a punctured wound on the left sole of the right foot. Some household remedies were applied to the wound, which healed up in a few days. About three days ago, Luchia was seized with spasms, his jaws became locked up, and he was unable to swallow anything. He remained in that condition until his death, which occurred on Thursday evening. A verdict of death from tetanus was recorded.

A HUNTING EXCURSION.—An inquiry was held, yesterday, at Sri Bunder, by Mr. Allan F. Turner, the coroner, on view of the body of Goolam Hoosein Mahomed Abdulla, aged fifty years, dindal of bundar, residing on Mandvi Road. Deceased had a 6 o'clock, on Saturday afternoon last, the shot was engaged by Mr. Leslie Crawford, solicitor, and Mr. Wigan, both of whom had gone on a shooting excursion to the Apli Creek. About 2 o'clock, on Wendesday morning, as the party was proceeding to Kalwa, deceased complained of pain. The whole of the crew except the deceased got out of the boat, and tried to push her off, but were overcome by the current. At about 4-30, Mr. Wigan and was assisting the crew in their endeavours to push the boat off, when he accidentally lost his balance, fell into the water, and was drowned. The kalasees vainly searched for him for some time, and the two sahebs in the meantime got into a small canoe and returned. On the following day, the kalasees went along the shore in search of the deceased, and found his dead body washed ashore on the 29th instant from the scene of the accident. They took the boat to the spot, and having placed the body on board, brought it to Bombay. The verdict of accidental death was returned by the jury.

THE FIRST PARSEE WEDDING IN BELUCHISTAN.—The first Parsee wedding in Beluchistan was celebrated on the 22nd inst., in the fire-temple, in the presence of Parsee ladies and gentlemen. Among those was Captain Wickham, head of the Commissariat Department in Beluchistan, and Mrs. Wickham, were also present. The ceremony was duly performed, couple and witnessed with much interest the ceremony performed according to the Zoroastrian ritual. After the ceremonies, a sumptuous repast was given to different table, where Mr. Mathews, editor of the *Beluchistan Gazette*, on behalf of the European guests, proposed the toast of the bride and bridegroom, Mrs. and Mr. Dorabjee Patel, which was drunk amidst cheers. A handsome wedding-cake, which was exhibited on the refreshment table, was cut by the brids and bridegroom and distributed to those present, who again drank to the toast of the newly-wedded couple. Mr. N. B. Mehta, the proprietor of the *Beluchistan Gazette* and of the *Victoria Press*, replied to the toast on behalf of the bridegroom, acknowledging his thanks to the guests for their kind attendance. After the departure of the European guests, the Parsee guests proceeded to an excellent dinner, after which some time was agreeably spent in singing and instrumental music. Mr. Dorabjee Patel, formerly in the Commissariat Department in Beluchistan, while the bride is a sister of Mr. R. Dinshaw, managing proprietor of the Co-operative Stores there.

CUTTING OFF A WOMAN'S NOSE.—About 7 o'clock, on Thursday evening, Khemia, a Mahomedan woman, aged about twenty-five years, wife of Busati Mahmeya, went to policeman No. 1006-D., doing duty on the Dadar Road, and complained to him that her husband had cut her nose off by means of a knife. The woman, who was then bleeding, was removed by the police to the J. J. Hospital. In the meantime the husband made his way to the Mahim police station, and surrendered himself to Superintendent Hack, producing at the same time the knife with which he had committed the deed, and the piece of nose cut off. Mr. Hack then ordered into custody, and ascertained that Khemia and her husband, who is a dyer's assistant, were residing together in a hut, near Mahomed Mukhoo's tank, up about eight days ago, when the accused suspected his wife of having had improper intimacy with another dyer's assistant, named Rahim. He taxed the woman with being unfaithful to him, and after striking her, turned her out of doors. She then appears to have gone and lived with her paramour, Talal, at Lalwady, Parel. This man sheltered the woman in his house for about a week, and then carried her out of the Mahim limits of Madras, making a total of 332 persons. The average for the corresponding week of the ten previous years was 356. The deaths are thus classified:—from cholera, 1 from small-pox, 8 from measles, 125 from fevers, 33 from dysentery, 10 from diarrhœa, and 150 from other diseases. The death-rate in the week under notice was 381 per 1,000 per annum. The mean of the 10 previous years was 419 per 1,000 per annum.

THE investigations, on the spot, of the Sanitary Commissioner and Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, place it beyond doubt that the disease in Kurnool appeared at the village of Khatkar Kalan in the Jullundur district is true bubonic plague. The disease first appeared among the Brahmins of the village, it having been brought to them by a returning pilgrim from Hardwar. From the Brahmins it has spread to the Chamars and sweepers who are now the chief sufferers. A cordon of police and chaukidars has been placed round the village to prevent egress from it. A hospital for the sick, and a segregation camp for the possibly infected, have been established, and active measures are in progress for the removal of all the healthy to a fresh site, so that the village may be entirely cleared out. The Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, the Deputy Commissioner, and the District Engineer are on the spot superintending all the necessary arrangements. The Civil Surgeon is inspecting neighbouring villages, in view to ascertaining whether the disease has spread at all.

NEVER allow a stranger to mount your bicycle on any pretext whatever. The other evening two cyclists—young men—were resting at the curb while engaged in conversation. Two young women in neat bicycle costumes came along on the pavement and appeared to take much interest in the fine wheels owned by the young men. "I'd like to try to ride a diamond-frame wheel," remarked one girl to the other. "So would I," was the reply; "I fancy Thorne told me they were much nicer than the droop frames." The young men were gallant, and at once offered to permit the girls to try their wheels, which offer was accepted with charming giggling. The fair ones were assisted to the saddle, and seemed to have some difficulty in managing the machines. They wobbled about for half a square or so, when they suddenly became proficient, and proceeded to scorch for dear life. The young men have not seen their wheels or the girls since.

"NOT many persons, I fancy, are aware that blind people are able to cycle," said a London bicycle manufacturer. "I know of several blind persons, however, who, since the craze set in, have taken lessons and learned to ride—surprisingly well, too. But it's less astonishing than you might think, remembering how acute the other senses of the blind become, and that many ordinary cyclists can ride blindfolded for short distances. We have built seven machines for blind customers this year, constructing them specially low, for easier mounting. I know a blind gentleman who travels for a provincial cycle firm, and rides a tandem. He is accompanied by a friend who can see, but quite often he rides on the front seat and steers himself by his friend's instructions. Another blind gentleman, a customer of mine, thinks nothing of a thirty miles' run."

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NEWS OF THE DAY.

THERE is a great deal of fever in Peshawar among both Europeans and Natives, though the weather is perfect.

OFFICIAL intimation has been received of the resignation of the Indian Civil Service by Mr. E. P. Henderson, late Government Advocate, Punjab, with effect from the 6th of September.

ONE of the dak runners of the Deputy Commissioner of Peshawar had three bullets put into him, on Monday, while carrying his bags.

A REPORT reaches the Lahore paper that animals, bearing quite new Government brands have been recently bought for quite nominal prices, they having strayed and been impounded. If this be true, and animals, known to be the property of Government, have been sold, merely to satisfy some one's red-tapeism, some one should be brought to book.

IT is being notified that intending visitors to the fair at Pushkar, Ajmere, are warned that, owing to the sanitary arrangements, necessitated by the prevalence of plague in portions of India, it is probable that they will be put to considerable inconvenience if they attend, and they are strongly advised not to visit the fair.

THE Government of India have decided that the officer in medical charge of the escort of the Political Agent in Gilgit may be withdrawn temporarily to meet the present exigency, and the Agency Surgeon will perform his duties, provided he is not tied to stay in Gilgit when his own duties call him elsewhere.

THE total deaths from plague at Hardwar up to the 24th instant were 42, and there are 7 cases in hospital. Sixteen monkeys have also died. There was a suspicious case reported as having app-ared at Hardwar itself on the night of the 23rd, but on examination by the Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, the following morning, it was found to be an ordinary case of fever with no trace of bubonic.

THE week's season reports give the total on Famine Relief in the Madras Presidency as 36,532 as against 73,739 in the previous week, or a decrease of 27,207. This is made up as follows: In the Deccan the total is 35,681 as against 70,574 in the previous week, the details being Kurnool 17,823, Bellary 9,321, Anantapore 5,002, Cuddapah 7,638. In the Circars the total is 851 as against 3,165 in the previous week, all being in Ganjam, relief operations in Godavery and Vizagapatam having been entirely closed.

THE orders of the Government of India have recently been added to the rights of Subordinate Indian Medical Service in Civil employment to demand a fee when called into a consultation on a sick military officer by the medical officer in charge of the case, and it has been decided by Government that a officer entitled to gratuitous medical attendance is also entitled to gratuitous advice from a m dical officer in the employment of Government called into consultation by the medical officer who is, in accordance with regulations, in charge of the case. It is also ruled that officers attending the attendance of the medical officer provided by Government and calls in another medical officer to attend him in illness that the usual fees can be claimed by the latter.

ABOUT 4 a. m. on Sunday morning some budmashes tried to break into the bungalow of Mr. Bunbury, Collector of Shahjahanpur. They were, however, disturbed by the chaukidars. So bold were they that they wrenched off a chain that fastened an outer door and made a good deal of noise. One of the Border Police sentries challenged, and was shot through the back with a revolver. The budmashes then made off. There were double sentries on the house, so one man must have been asleep. The sentry fired, but his pistol seems to have hung fire. These men ought to be used with rifles and not obsolete old pistols. Within the last few days a man fired at Mr. Bunbury, so we hear, been stolen from Peshawar. Of course the police have not caught any one. An Afridi with a revolver is a new terror to life.

SOME further details of the various Ghulam Haidar Khans in the Amir's service, one of whom died the other day, have now reached our Punjab correspondent. Ghulam Haidar Khan, Kohistani Haidar Khan Charkhi, from Charkh, a village in the Logar Valley. The family came originally from Yusufzai and settled in Logar. He became a General in Amir Sher Ali Khan's days, fought against the British in the Kuram valley in 1878, and threw in his lot with Abdur Rahman Khan when he became Amir, and accompanied him to the Pindi Durbar in 1885. Since then he has been employed in the Jellalabad district, in operations against the Shinwaris in Kunar, with the Mohmand Demarcation, and conquered Kafiristan. All these frontier troubles of 1897 are due to his intrigues. (2) Sipah Sirur Ghulam Haidar Khan Orakzai, known as "Landai" on account of his short stature. He is a soldier of Amir Abdur Rahman Khan's, and did good service in the Shinwari war. In 1888 he defeated Sadar Ishak Khan's troops at Hazarjuft, and conquered Afghan Turkestan for his master. He also conquered the Hazaras of the north. Is devoted to the present Amir. (3) General Ghulam Haidar Khan Tokhi, of the Tokhi Ghilzai tribe, was a General of Amir Sher Ali Khan's army, and fought against Baluchis. (4) General Ghulam Haidar Khan Wardak, was a General in Amir Sher Ali Khan's service, and commanded at Mazar-i-Sherif, when Abdur Rahman Khan first crossed the boundary line in 1888, and came over the Oxus into Badakshan. He killed a cousin of Abdur Rahman's sent to interview him, and then fled to Bokhara, and was in the service of the Amir of Bokhara till the spring of 1897. Amir Abdur Rahman has repeatedly tried to win him back, without success.

FROM the 16th to the 22nd instant, 1 European, 6 Eurasians, 13 Native Christians, 1 Hindu and 31 Mahomedans died in the Municipal limits of Madras, making a total of 332 persons. The average for the corresponding week of the ten previous years was 356. The deaths are thus classified:—from cholera, 1 from small-pox, 8 from measles, 125 from fevers, 33 from dysentery, 10 from diarrhœa, and 150 from other diseases. The death-rate in the week under notice was 381 per 1,000 per annum. The mean of the 10 previous years was 419 per 1,000 per annum.

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BOMBAY RAILWAY PASSENGERS' ASSOCIATION.

MR. A. F. SOUNDY, Chairman of the above Association, sends us copy of letter to the General Traffic Manager, G. I. P. Railway:—

Bombay Railway Passengers' Association,
Bombay, 29th October, 1897.

E. W. Kelly, Esq., Officiating General Traffic Manager, G. I. P. Railway Company.

SIR,—Representations have been made to this Association respecting the new departure as to the collection of tickets which entails inconvenience and detention to passengers.

The present communication has reference chiefly to period-local ticket-holders who are daily asked for their passes much to their annoyance. This Association thinks that one of the advantages which a regular patron of the Railway, in other words a periodical ticket-holder, counts upon for his advance payment is the absence of trouble as regards the issue, exhibition, and surrender of his ticket. All companies realize this, inasmuch as pass-holders are seldom asked to show their tickets, except occasionally to enable the railway staff to satisfy themselves that expired passes are not being used. This is so on the B. B. & C. I. Railway, and, it is believed, there has been no cause whatever for complaint.

What is most irksome is the detention first at Masjid to enable the compartment doors being locked up, and again at Victoria where some time elapses before each person's ticket or pass is carefully examined every day by the ticket collectors. It has been noticed that on some occasions trains arrive at one platform (say No. D), and the ticket collectors are seen leisurely walking on to it from another (say No. 6) platform, regardless of the delay caused to passengers, to some of whom a few minutes' difference means one hour's pay cut by their employers.

The unnecessary delay can well be avoided by reverting to the former system of ticket examination at Masjid, which worked most satisfactorily until the middle of last year, when the staff was removed to Byculla. It was feared this arrangement was open to abuse by passengers entraining at the intermediate stations, which the company has now doubtless found to be the case.

It is admitted that the company has the right to protect its interests, but this Association, whilst fully appreciating the company's action, is of opinion it can be done with the minimum of discomfort to its patrons by some modification of the system of examination and collection of tickets at Masjid.—I am, &c.,

A. F. SOUNDY, Chairman.

PRIZE-DISTRIBUTION AT THE RATNAGIRI MADRASA-I-KADEEIYAH.

THE annual prize-distribution to the successful students of the above Madrasa-I-Kadeeiyah took place on the Madrasa premises, Mandvi, under the presidency of Mr. M. P. Kharoghat, the District Judge. Among those present were:—Messrs. Thakur las Madhavdas, Assistant Judge, Rao Bahadur V. V. Vagle, First Class Sub-Judge; Sabajirao Manaldar, A. A. Pinjay, Nanjbhai, R. B. Phalkay, Govind D. Dhapre, Abdur Rahim Lala, Ali Saheb Lala, Superintendent, Saw Mills, Dawood Lala, Khan Saheb Lala, Superintendent, Bandar Mills, Mahomedan Education Officer, and Sayid Abdur Rahim Kadri, Mouavi Sayid Ahmed Saheb, Sayid Abdul Kader Kaderi, the first Mahomedan law officer appointed by Government in the Ratnagiri District. In the absence of Sayid Abdul Kadir, Sheikhmeera was good it had done to the Persian, Arabic, and Hindustani learning public, in spite of the paucity of funds, which in general was indeed lamentable. Many had started an Anjuman, out of whose funds the sum of Rs 129 was annually handed over to this Madrasa. The Anjuman had also been instrumental in collecting donated to the Anjuman of Bombay for the assistance which they have been rendering to the institution for the past two years. Should not, therefore, there be too much to expect the Municipality of Ratnagiri to lend a helping hand to this backward classes, for whom the Madrasa had been chiefly established, by providing the services of an assistant Marathi master. Subsequently to the above, Sayid Omar Saheb addressed the following gentlemen for donations given to the institution:—Sir James MacNab Campbell, K.C.S.I., I.C.S., Commissioner in Sindh, Messrs. G. Campbell, M. T. Jackson, M.A., I.C.S., Under-Secretary to Government, Khan Bahadur Mohamed Hoosein Hakim, Judge, Small Cause Court, and Mahomed Ismail Makba, J.P.

The president, in addressing the meeting, eulogized the efforts of the committee for having so long found a liberal patron of the Madrasa in the midst of financial difficulties, and said that the school was chiefly intended for the benefit of the backward classes and endeavours were specially made.

The president pays a monthly contribution towards the maintenance of the Madrasa fund. The proceedings terminated with the distribution of flowers and rose-water to those present.

THE INDO-BRITISH INSTITUTION.

AN appeal raised by the Indo-British Institution, set forth the objects and needs of the Institution, and funds for the maintenance of the schools. This useful charity, established nearly 30 years ago, provides a home and education for a number of Indo-British children from all parts of the Presidency, whose parents in many cases are dead and in many are in poor circumstances. There are now on the rolls as boarders 42 boys and 25 girls. The average monthly expenditure amounts to a little over Rs 1,200, of which about half is met by interest derived from Government grants, interest on investments, and school-fees. A balance, therefore, of about Rs 600 is annually required, and for the year this sum the committee have to rely on the receipts from offertories, subscriptions, and donations. As it is admitted that the Institution does a good work, and merits the support of the public, the committee confidently hope that the public will come with their contributions, and request that this appeal may be circulated so that all those who are interested in this deserving institution. Remittances may be sent to the Honorary Treasurer, at the High Court, Bombay. The Institution, as regards the present formed, includes the Ven'ble Archdeacon W. E. Scott, the Hon'ble Mr. E. H. Candy, Colonel G. M. Stevens, R. E., Secretary, Mr. H. Gilbert, and the Rev. J. C. G. Bowen, Rev. F. N. Hill, Senior Cathedral Chaplain, Rev. J. Taylor, honorary secretary, Mr. F. M. Cama, Mr. M. M. Pallon, honorary treasurer, and the Rev. Chas. Gilder, acting honorary secretary.

CLASS REGIMENTS.

THE relative merits of the class regiment and class company organization is still matter of controversy, but there can be no question that one serious disadvantage of the class company system has been brought into prominence by recent events on the Frontier. No one will contest the wisdom and right feeling shown in the determination not to employ our Pathan troops against their kith and kin in operations which are admittedly a violation of the purdah of a region that they have boasted to be inviolable. But one result has been to weaken several regiments by sending back from them their Afridi companies, and another result is that the men, it cannot but have some bad effect on a regiment to know that 6 in all in part "suspect." There is also the advantage in a class regiment that it can be moved about much more freely and, with ordinary tact, can be posted to a more suitable station without in any way touching its susceptibilities; thus it is easy to station the 45th Pathans out of harm's way without scattering the battalion and marching it individually. This can be done also with class company regiments so long as they are not too much mixed and many class regiments, for instance, in one or two large groups: thus the 1st and 29th Punjab Infantry with their 3½ and 4 companies respectively of Afridis, are not satisfactorily disposed in the Tochi Valley and on the Malakand. It is in dealing with regiments that have one or more companies of Afridis or other class that the difficulty arises. Considering all things wonderfully few desertions have taken place, and the Pathans generally are behaving quite as well as ever, but the fact of the intention of the military authorities with regard to Afridi companies having been so absolutely overlooked is sufficient evidence that the matter demanded very careful treatment. It would be easy to make the four so-called Sikh battalions of the Frontier Force real Sikh class regiments by exchanging their non-Sikh companies with the Sikh companies of the Hazara Pioneers, which would then be constituted of Dogras, Pathans and Punjab Mahomedans in class companies. Pathans and Punjab Mahomedans in class companies, which could be posted to make the four so-called Sikh battalions of the Frontier Force real Sikh class regiments by exchanging their non-Sikh companies with the Sikh companies of the Hazara Pioneers, which would then be constituted of Dogras,

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Scale for these Advertisements is as follows :—Not exceeding 4 lines, Re. 1, each succeeding line, As. 2. No Trade Advertisements are admitted under this Scale.

JEWELLERY MANUFACTURERS.—MARSDEN AND CO., LTD., are prepared to manufacture Gold or Silver ware of any description or design. Brides' Gifts in Silver ware of any description. Rings, Pins, Brooches or Bangles, Birthday Gifts, Rings, Pins, Brooches or Bangles, Birthday Gifts, Rings, Pins, Bangles, Bosom Pieces, Medals, Walking Stick Mounts, &c. All work manufactured under European supervision, Enamelling, Engraving, Monograms, &c., as reasonable rates.—MARSDEN and Co., Ltd., Bombay and Poona.

ARTISTIC SILK and LACE LAMP SHADES, New Designs and Art Colours.—JOHN ROBERTS and Co., Ltd., Bombay.

COTTAGE PIANO!! Entire Iron Frame. Overstrung Bass. Very sweet-toned. Offered Cheap. Handsome Tassel. Opposite Charni Road Station, Queen's Road.

EDEAM'S RINGWORM SPECIFIC.—The only Remedy known which cures Ringworm or Dhobie Itch in one application. Per Bottle, As. 12. Prepared only by THOMSON and TAYLOR, 35, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

BONA FIDE AUCTION SALE of furniture, Victoria, Mare, Bicycle, etc., at the Free-hold Residence, Rosetta Road, Malabar Hill, THIS DAY, at 2 P.M.

CHOICE DESIGNS in BROOCHES, BRACELETS DIAMOND and GOLD RINGS, &c., are Specially Designed for the Season.—B NUSSERWANJI and Co., 178, Bazaar Row.

TO LET, the GROUND FLOOR of a large Bungalow, Furnished, with Verandah and Outhouses, No. 2, Great Road Cross Lane. Apply A. P. SETNA, 113, Hornby Row, Fort.

GROUND FLOOR of a large Bungalow No. 2, Nabib Road, Mazagon, to Let. Apply by letter to W. J. ROSS, same address.

MATHERAN.—TO LET, BUNGALOWS, well situated, exceedingly cheap. Suited for both Europeans and Natives. Plans, Lists of Furniture, etc., can be seen at both the House Agents, FLOWER and Co., Simpson, Bowes, and F. BYRAMJEE, Hornby Row, Fort, Bombay.

DANTRA'S Pure Ground MOCCA COFFEE, per lb. Re. 1-4. This Coffee is Daily roasted and ground from Genuine Mocca Berries in the latest pattern Closet Cylinders by experienced hands under our Own Supervision and scientifically packed in Air-tight tins, the fine Aroma is preserved, its unrivalled purity, freedom from any adulteration, richness in flavour, full strength, and uniform quality of the mixture if from other Coffees sold in the market. The rapid and increasing demand it has obtained since its introduction is a sufficient proof of its superior quality and wholesale price.—V. K. DANTRA and Co., Tea and Coffee Merchants, 33, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

A EUROPEAN LADY SEEKS EMPLOYMENT as a NURSE. 18 years' experience, good and all round gentlewoman, excellent testimonials. Apply to "NURSE," care of this paper.

A LADY, well-educated and musical, desires to be of use to a Lady to whom she could act as Companion. Salary a secondary consideration to comfortable home. References kindly permitted to the Editor, "Bombay Gazette," and Mrs. GEARY. Replies to be addressed "A. T. T.," "Bombay Gazette" Office.

A LADY, EUROPEAN, seeks a situation as Matron of a School, Lady Help, or Nursery Governess. Country no objection. Address "SEA," care of this Paper.

RECEIVED a few KOSMOPHON ACCORDIONS with Harmonium Clockwork and Damper, with 8 Bells, Re. 23. Also the new Reform Accordeons of all sizes, Re. 4 to Rs. 35. Rich in tone.—STEFFENAUER and Co., Fort, Bombay.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKEY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81, Queen Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whiskey may be had from Messrs. FINDAY, MUIR and Co., Bombay.

WANTED, for the Public Works Department, Secretaria, permanent Establishment, a well-educated CLERK, on Rs. 30, rising on approved service, to Rs. 75 in five years. Apply by letter to the ASSISTANT SECRETARY to Government, Public Works Department.

WANTED, for a EUROPEAN MERCANTILE FIRM in Bombay, a European gentleman as an assistant. Must have had some experience of business. Apply "X. Y. Z.," care of this paper.

WANTED, a thoroughly experienced CARRIER and SPINNER, sober and steady for the Swadeshy Paisley Mills Company, Limited. Apply to the AGENTS, between the hours of 2 and 4 P.M., No. 5, Hornby Row, Fort.

WANTED, as MANAGER, an English gentleman of good address acquainted with office work and having at least 5 years' experience in a low-class business in India. Persons thoroughly conversant with the requirements and treatment of the Native and European gentry in India need only apply. One with knowledge of Hindustani preferred. Salary up to Rs. 250. Apply by letter only to "MANAGER," care of Messrs. NARSINDAS, Station Road, Bhuleshwar Salon, Bombay.

WANTED, an EXECUTIVE ENGINEER in Central India. Pay Rs. 500, with annual increment of Rs. 10, per mensem. Apply, Rs. 3 to Subscribers in Home as well as in India, postage extra.

MAHABLESHWAR. Apply to the Healthiest locality in the Hills. Cottages and Rooms to let. Furnished or Unfurnished. Tariff moderate. Apply to RIPON before making arrangements elsewhere.

THE POONA HOTEL—QUIET, COMFORTABLE, ROOMY. This First class well-established Hotel stands in the best position in Poona. Close to Gymkhana, Post, Telegraph Offices, Council Hall, five minutes, Railway Station. Each family has a separate, sitting Room. Rooms are bright, airy and commodious. It is upper-storied, with convenient drawing-room and large, cool, pleasant verandah.

PLEASE NOTE.—We only supply High Class (guaranteed PORTUGUESE SERVANTS. Do not apply for first and 2nd Class servants. Fee Rs. 2, for each Servant. E. CAMILand Co., Registry Office, No. 6, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

HAVE you seen the latest SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES? If not call at 5, Church Gate Street, where on looking at it you will find that it is a Machine that surpasses any other Sewing Machine in Simplicity, Durability, Silence, and Speed. SINGER Co., Bombay.

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co.—Teakwood and Blackwood Plain and Inlaid Furniture of English as Indian Designs made to Order.—Chuckla, No. 6.

COMPOUND NERVINE ELIXIR, one of the most powerful Tonics made, contains Coca, Damiana, Phosphorous and Wax Vernicia. A sure remedy for Nervous Debility, Price Rs. 3-8 per bottle. THOMSON and TAYLOR, 32, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, published Weekly by the Department of English Mail, 36 Pages of the Full size Blotter size, containing all the information of the previous week, carefully arranged. Army Orders, etc., Indian Subscription, Rs. 12 per year, free of Postage. English Subscription, Rs. 12 per year, including postage.

GENUINE AMERICAN KEROSINE OIL, "1899" "SNOWFLAKE" at Rs. 54 and 13½ "ELEPHANT" at one time above Masagon, wholesale price, Rs. 50. CHEAP CHRISTMAS GIFTS at Crawford Market, Watchmaker Road (Malabar Hill), Chanda, Null Bazaar, and Fort.

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THE INDIAN RAILWAY GUIDE.—An Indispensable Book for Travellers in India and the East, containing the Special Time and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies, the Steamer Routes in India, and in Eastern Seas, and other useful information. Price 12 annas. Opposing Map of India, revised from Official sources. To be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office, and of Booksellers and Railway Terminus.

H. BARRETT, Esq., Engineer, Kaisar-i-Hind Mills :—During the last week I have used BATLIVALLA and Co.'s CHOLERIC and found it giving relief at once, and was proved successful in all cases of CHOLERIC SYMPTOMS. Dr. R. NOVROJI (L. M. & S.) :—It is a safe and sure remedy for Cholera. Dr. N. E. LAM (L. M. & S.) :—I have found it extremely useful in several cases of Cholera. As for Batliwalla's Agua Mixture or Pills, no more Testimonials are required when they are used with success for the Staff of the Bombay Municipality." "Bombay Gazette," "Times of India," "Advocate of India," &c., &c. Sold by Chemists and Druggists, at Re. 1 per bottle, or sent by Dr. BATLIWALLA, Worli, Dadar, Bombay. Discount to the Trade.

BOMBAY GAZETTE Bi-Weekly Edition.—Issued on Thursday and Saturday, giving all the News and Telegrams up to date. Subscription per annum, Rs. 12; per quarter, Rs. 3 to Subscribers in Bombay or to the Mofussil, postage extra.

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JUST RECEIVED, a few BIJOU ORCHESTRAN ORGANS of P. E. Organs with 4 Music Rolls and one cornopean, Rs. 175. A powerful Hand Organ, suitable for Dances or Meeting Halls.—STEFFENAUER and Co., Fort, Bombay.

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CAVANAGH and MARTIN will ARRIVE here early in October, with a SHIPMENT of 200 HORSES, consisting of CHARGERS, HACKS, CARRIAGE PAIRS and PONEYS.

INDIAN INDUSTRY, Being a Reprint of Two Letters to the "Bombay Gazette" And a Lecture by BRAUGLEIN, Price 5 Annas. CAN BE HAD AT THE OFFICE OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Messrs. THACKER and Co., Ltd., Bombay. Messrs. THACKER, SPINK and Co., Calcutta. Messrs. HIGGINBOTHAM and Co., Madras.

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS.

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These Pianos have also a grand reputation for EXCEPTIONAL SWEETNESS and RICHNESS of tone, their perfect and never-failing mechanism, delicacy of touch, and the length of time they keep in tune, which is twice or thrice as long as any other Pianos, is an important advantage to Mofussil Residents.

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CHUBB'S SAFE IN GLASGOW FIRE.

52, St. Enoch Square, Glasgow, 2nd Nov., 1896.

MESSRS. CHUBB & SON, Ltd., LONDON.

DEAR SIRS,—We regret to inform you that our Offices were TOTALLY DESTROYED in the GREAT FIRE, which entirely demolished the property at the corner of Clyde Place and Commerce Street, on the morning of the 13th ult.

We are pleased, however, to say that the SAFE which you supplied us with a few month ago PRESERVED its CONTENTS, consisting of a considerable amount of Cash and Valuable Securities, though from the exterior appearance of the Safe it had evidently been exposed to intense heat and fallen from a height of about 20 feet.

Yours truly, (Signed) JOHN PATERSON, Ltd. CHUBB'S BOMBAY AGENT : 37, PARSEE BAZAR, FORT.

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BEING a Compilation of Decisions, &c., on Questions regarding Giras, Wants, and other Guarantee Rights with an Introductory Account of the Subdivisions of the Kathiawar, Mahikantha and Rewakantha, together with Appendices and a Copious Index.

PRICE.....Rs. 6

Packing and Postage extra.

To be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Press, Bombay.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE s s Pindari, 3,086 tons, Captain W Ellery, will sail to-day for Rangoon in ballast.

THE B I S N Co's s s Bezwada, 3,270 tons, Captain W B Smith, arrived in harbour yesterday, from Calcutta (15th October) with a cargo of 5,176 tons of coal.

VESSELS IN DOCKS.—OCTOBER 29.

PRINCES DOCK.

Shd.	Vessels.	Tns.	Capt.	Destination.	Date.*	Agents.
A	Goa	1219	Plommer	Zanzibar	5-11	M & Co
D	Mohammadi	1232	Erikson	Aden	30-10	B P S N Co
E	Nasiri	912	Miller	N F		B & P S N Co
E	City of Lucknow	2570	Morrison	Karachi		F F & Co
F	Netou	1191	Jacob	Zanzibar		5-11 F Herer
G	Akbar	1441	Bakiwin	N F		H G Joosub
G	Henry Bolckow	840	Jourdain	N F		B & P S N Co
H	& J Liberal		Athayde	Portuguese Gun Boat		
M	Cashmere	1693	Souter	N F		H G Joosub
N	Idzumi Maru	1099	Nimasu	Japan		28-10 N Y Kaisha

HARBOUR WALL.

Indravati	513	Esmail	N F		S & Co
Brahmani	691	Cassim	N F		S & Co
Mahanadi	547	Fakeer	N F		S & Co
Satrunjit	547	Budroo	N F		S & Co
Kaveri	553	Fakeera	N F		S & Co
Ponaui	452	Ahmed	N F		S & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

Shd.	Vessels.	Tns.	Capt.	Destination.	Date.	Agents.
3	R Rubattino	3014	Saporiti	Genoa	11-11	F Baldocino
4	Bormida	1499	Noera	China	7-11	Do.
7	Imperator	2220	Nicolai	Trieste	1-11	A L J S N Co
H	Shiravati	31	Repairing			S & Co
12	Lockaley Hall	2552	Collins	Liverpool	1-11	E B & Co
14	Kola	498	Livingstone	Karachi	30-11	M M & Co

MERSEWETHER DRY DOCK.

Pindari	3074 tons gross		K N & Co

* Probable date of departure.

Time Ball drops at Prince's Dock at Noon, or Greenwich meantime, 7h. 8m. 44·3s.

The Time Ball over the Clock Tower at the Bombay Castle continues to be dropped regularly at 1 p.m. of Colaba meantime, or 8h. 8m. 44·3s of Greenwich meantime.

ARRIVALS.

Oct.	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
29	Bezwada s	Smith	Calcutta, Oct 16.
	Eden Hall s	Black	Kobe.

DEPARTURES.

Oct.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
29	Warora s	Hugil	Galle.
	Tokio s	Young	Hull via Karachi.
	Yarra s	Le Coiqueller	Marseilles.
	Simla, Transport	Field	Southampton.

The steamer Pindari, Captain Ellery, obtained her port-clearance yesterday for Rangoon.

The steamer Assyria, entered for loading yesterday for Persian Gulf and Karachi.

DAILY IMPORTS.—OCTOBER 29.

FROM LONDON.

Calcondia s—32 cases provisions, 13 packages biscuits, and 7 cases soap, Abdool Hossein Goolam Hoosein ; 16 cases confectionery, and 7 cases oilmen'ores, Essoofally Rassooljee ; 6 cases biscuits, P S Pochajee ; 38 cases oilmen'ores, Allybhoy Mamoodjee ; 182 cases oilmenstore, etc., Rustoodjin Nusserally.

Britannia s—2 crates earthenware, and 2 cases bicycles, etc., J A Kirkebride and Co., Agency, J Peterson and Co.

FROM HAMBURG.

Stolzenfels s—3 hogsheads brandy, Dhunjeebhoy Cowasjee.

FROM THENCE.

Imperator s—8 cases glassware, A Mahler ; 92 al s riting paper, Abdool H Haderally.

DAILY EXPORTS.—OCTOBER 29

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Lockaley Hall s—200 bales cotton waste, H E Bode ... 2061 Silk
2,000 cwt bone meal, Croft Mody and Co ; 6 an waste, Lallubhoy Nanabhoy. S silk

FOR GENOA.

R Rubattino s—100 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers ; 100 tons oil iron, E Tajbhoy.

FOR VENICE.

Imperator s—2,000 cwt castorseed, Ralli Brothers.

FOR HONGKONG.

Bormida s—22 cwt hinghra, Cassumbhoy Bhimjee.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Bormida s—200 bales twist, E D Sassoon and Co.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR G. W. ROUGHTON, A.D.C., COMMANDING R. V. A. Bombay, 30th October, 1897.

1. The Corps will parade at the Town Hall Compound to-day, at 4-45 p.m., for inspection by the Officer Commanding, and a march past on the Fort Head-quarters to Oman at Nosal Road returning by tram. Members attending will have their expenses refunded on application to the Sergeant Major on parade.

Dress.—Drill order with arms. Patties to be worn.

By order, A. J. PEILE, LL. R.A, Adjutant, R. V. A.

NOTICE.

Concert.—There will be a Ladies' Concert for Members and their Friends at the Corps' Club, this evening, at 9 o'clock.

DIVINE SERVICE.

TWENTIETH SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY, OCTOBER 31.

SAINT THOMAS' CATHEDRAL.

7-30 a.m.—Matins.

8 a.m.—Holy Communion.—Choral. Missa Celestis.—Hymns Introit No. 7, 256, 377 and 220.

5 p.m.—Children's Service.

6-30 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.—Hym ns 428, 272 and 437. Magnificat and Nunc Dimittis.—Woodward in A.

Daily Matins at 8-45 a.m. and Evensong at 4-45 p.m.

Tuesday and Thursday—Holy Communion at 7-15 a.m.

All Saints', Monday, November 1.

7-15 a.m.—Holy Communion (Choral).

ALL SAINTS' CHURCH, MALABAR HILL.

6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.

ST. JOHN THE EVANGELIST.

(Colaba Afghan Memorial Church.)

7 a.m.—Matins and Sermon (Parade Service).—Hymns 447 and 278.

8 a.m.—Holy Communion.—Hym n 4, 323 and 167.

6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.—Hymns 437, 29 and 427.

All Saints Day, Monday, November 1.

7-30 a.m.—Holy Communion.

6 p.m.—Festival and Procession of Church Guilds of Bombay.—Hymns 391, 437 and 275.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCHES.

BOWEN CHURCH—Apollo Bunder.

10 a.m.—Sunday School.

11 a.m. and 6 p.m.—Sermons by Bishop Thoburn, D.D.

GRANT ROAD CHURCH.

7-30 a.m.—Sunday School.

8-45 a.m. and 6 p.m.—Sermon.

MAZAGON CHURCH—Warl Bunder.

4-30 p.m.—Sunday School.

6 p.m.—Sermon.

SEAMEN'S REST, FREKE ROAD.

7-30 p.m.—Service by Rev. F. Wood.

FREE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND (Wandby Road, Esplanade).

4-30 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Class.

6 p.m.—Evening Service—Psalm 23, tune Stroudwater, and Hymns 333, 385 and 331.

HOLY TRINITY CHURCH, ESPLANADE (Near School of Art).

Incumbent,—Rev. C. Gilder.

8 a.m.—Celebration of the Holy Communion and Sermon.—Hymns 291, 236 and 321.

6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon—Hymns 23, 4 9 and 427.

The offertories for church expenses and poor relief.

MISSION CHURCH, GIRGAUM.

7 a.m.—Holy Communion.

11 a.m.—Morning Prayer, Lit any and Sermon by Rev. A. H. Bowman.—Hymns 301, 128 and 313.

4-30 p.m.—Service for the young.

6 p.m.—Evening Prayer, and S rmon by Rev. W. G. Peel.—Hymns 434, 473 and 334.

ST. PETRICK CHURCH, MAZAGON.

6 a.m.—Holy Eucharist.

11 a.m.—Holy Eucharist (Choral.) P reacher, Rev. Father Gardiner.

10 a.m.—Children's Service.

6 p.m.—Feast of All Saints. Procession, and Choral Evensong. Preacher, Rev. Father Kershaw.

Alms, morning.—General purposes.

Alms, evening.—All Saints' Day Fu

All Saints' Day.

6 a.m.—Holy Eucharist.

7 a.m.—Holy Eucharist (Choral).

CHRIST CHURCH, BYCULLA.

7-30 a.m.—Matins.

8 a.m.—Holy Communion (Choral).—Hymns 273, 553 and 280.

4-45 p.m.—Sunday School.

6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.—Hymns 238, 197 and 288.

BAPTIST CHURCH, BELLASSIS ROAD. (Opposite Byculla Club.)

8 a.m. and 6 p.m.—Pastor H. E. Bar rill will preach.

4-30 p.m.—After noon school.

ST. NICHOLAS, SEAMEN'S CHURCH.

7 a.m.—Matins.

7-30 a.m.—Holy Eucharist (Choral).

6-30 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.

WEEK DAYS.

7 a.m.—Morning Prayer.

THURSDAYS.

7 a.m.—Holy Eucharist.

ST. MARY'S CHURCH, PAREL. (Madras time.)

8-30 a.m.—Morning Prayer and Holy Communion.—Hym ns 313 and 429.

4-30 p.m.—Children's Service.

6-30 p.m.—Evening Prayer and S rmon.—Hymns 427, 431, and 391.

SAINT ANDREW'S CHURCH.

Hymns 1, 33, 161, and 261. Anthems.

RAJPUTANA-MALWA RAILWAY.

(Includes the Rajputana, Holkar, Scindia Neemuch, Rewari, Pandharpore and Cawnpore-Achnera Appropriate Returns of Traffic for week ended 16th October 1897, on 1,857·3 Miles open.)

	Coaching Traffic (Receipts).	Merchandise & Minerals Traffic (Receipts).	Total Receipts.	Other Earnings (not estimated.)	Total Earnings.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Total traffic for the week ...	1,13,030	1,05,000	2,18,030	4,000	2,03,000
Or per mile open all the week ...	60	112	172	2	182
Ditto ... for 13 weeks of half-year.	16,74,142	21,71,498	38,45,640	89,674	43,55,315
Total for 13 weeks ...	17,57,142	22,76,498	40,33,640	93,674	44,30,315
Comparison. Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	1,17,322	2,26,812	3,44,134	6,678	3,50,812
Per mile of 1,857·3 do.	63	121	184	4	188
Total to corresponding date do.	15,71,201	24,33,369	40,04,570	1,11,951	45,16,521
Decrease for the week ...					Rs. 86,710
Increase to corresponding ...					" 1,13,794

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

BOMBAY MARKET REPORT.

FRIDAY EVENING, OCT. 29.

WITH the Banks and Produce markets generally closed for three days this week on account of the "Dewali," or Hindu New Year festival, in which most other sections of the community join more or less a holiday feeling has prevailed, all round, and our budget of news this evening is very bare. The few transactions reported in Cotton have been almost entirely for account of local spinners, both as to ready old staff and contracts for the new crop ; and Wheat and Seeds have been neglected. Exchange on days when the Banks have been open has been quiet, but, at closing, the feeling is firmer, and rates leave off 1-32nd lower than they ruled a week ago. The Money Market remains easy. Government Paper has further declined 1-2 per cent. for 3 1-2 per cents, the other denomination being nominally unchanged. Freights are steady, and higher rates are asked by holders of tonnage. In consequence of the advent of the native New Year a large business has been done in the bazaar, and fully current rates have been obtained.

MONEY.—The usual Statement of Affairs of the Presidency Bank issued yesterday, for Monday, the intervening days having been holidays, showed that but little change in any of the items of the Return took place during the week under notice, in which Money was easy, and business was to a great extent suspended in anticipation of the "Dewali" holidays. The figures of the Return showed a decrease in the Cash Balance since the end of the week preceding of some 6¾ lakhs, compared with a falling off of 18 lakhs at the close of the week before ; while a decrease of ¾ lakh in trade requirements was disclosed. In Government Deposits at the Bank's head office and branches there was a falling off in the aggregate to the same extent.

The market has since remained easy and rates are still 6 per cent. with the Bank of Bombay, and 5 per cent. in the open market.

EXCHANGE opened last mailday at 1s. 3 19-32d. for Bank Telegraphic and Demand, and at 1s. 3 25-32d. for Three Months' sight Credits, at which the Market remained steady throughout the day, with but little business passing either way. The Banks closed on Saturday afternoon for the *Dewali* holidays and re-opened yesterday with a steady feeling in this market, quotations being given at 1s. 3 5-8d. for Bank Telegraphic and Demand, and 1s. 3 13-16d. for three months' sight Credits. The rate for Bank media of remittance temporarily receded 1-32d., to 1s. 3 19-32d., there having been a fair demand ; but later on the rate improved to 1s. 3 5-8d., at which there was a small enquiry. To-day the market opened steady at 1s. 3 5-8d. for Bank Telegraphic and Demand, and at 1s. 3 13-16d. for three months' sight Credits, and a few Merchants' Bills were placed at the rate ; but the demand for Bank Paper was small. Later in the day, Banks were willing to sell at 1s. 3 21-32d., and a fair amount of business was done, the market closing firmer as follows :—

	Ready.	Forward.	
Bank Bills on Demand ...	1s. 3 5-8d.		per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic ...	1s. 3 5-8d.		"
Do. 3 months' sight ...	23-32d.		"
Do. 4 do. ...	3-4d.		"
Do. 6 do. ...	13-16d.		"
Credits 3 do. ...	13-16d.		"
Do. 6 do. ...	15-16d.		"
Documents 3 do. ...	27-32d.		"
Do. 6 do. ...	31-32d.		"
Francs 3 do. ...	1/66 1-4d.		"

GOVERNMENT PAPER was weak and declining on Saturday morning, 3 1-2 per cents. having receded to 97 1-16 both for Money and Account, with 92, nominal for Threes, and this market also closed on Saturday, opening yesterday when its tone was weak, with rates again lower at 96 13-16 for Money, and 96 3-4 for both October and November Account, 3 per Cent. 3 1-2 per Cents., 3 per Cents., on the other hand, advanced 1-2 per cent., to 92 1-2. The feeling has been steadier to-day, 3 1-2 per Cents. having been quoted at 96 3-4 for Cash and the near Settlement, and 96 13-16 for the November account, these being the closing quotations, with 92, nominal quoted for Threes.

SHARES.—During the three days of the past week on which this market has been open, the holiday feeling has been very strong, little or no business being in consequence reported. This evening's prices show, as compared with those of last Friday, a decline of Rs. 40 in Currimbhoy ; of Rs. 10, in Queen ; of Rs. 10, in David ; of Re. 7 1-2, in Mazagon ; of Rs. 5, in Central India ; and an advance of Rs. 100, in Madras United. In Banks, Commercial and Land Mortgage, are Rs. 24 higher ; and Bank of Bombay Rs. 2½ lower.

IMPORTS.

PIECE GOODS.—Owing to the opening of the native New Year, a large business has been transacted in staple Grey Goods in the Bazaar, prices having been well maintained. The rainfall in the consuming districts having been generally favourable, up-country buyers have operated rather freely ; and dealers have not hesitated to ask freely at current prices, as dealers are able to replace their holdings on favourable terms, and stocks are moderate. A fair business at last week's rates has been done in Bleached, Dyed, Turkey Red, and Printed Goods. For Locally-made goods, there has been a good demand, and a large business has resulted. China buyers have acted freely ; and there has been good enquiry for 2001bs. packings. The clearances of imported goods from the bazaar has been about 7,000 packages ; local some 3,000 packages. Sales of local yarns have been about 5,000 bales.

METALS.—A moderate *Dewali's* business has been reported in this market, generally as the basis of previous quotations.

COAL.—Sales have been reported during the week of *Powell's Duffryn Cardiff*, December shipment, at Rs. 19 1-2 ; and Japanese, October shipment, at Rs. 13 1-2 per ton. Ready Dashagur has been placed at Rs. 13 1-2 per ton ; ready Seebpore, at Rs. 13 ; and Heilgen's, December shipment, at Rs. 12 1-4 per ton. For forward Bengal Coal, importers are now offering to sell at an advance of 8 annas per ton on the above rates ; and the market closes steady. We quote alongside :—

	Ready.	Forward.	
Welsh Hartley ...	*Nil*	*Nil*	
West " ...	"	"	
Australian ...	"	"	
Powell's ...	Rs. 23	Rs. 19 1-2	per ton.
Cardiff ...	" 23	" 19 1-2	"
Japan ...	" 14	" 14	"
Bengal ...	" 13	" 13	"
Singareni, Rly. Dely.	*Nil*	*Nil*	
Seebpore ...	" 13 1-4	" 13 1-4	
Sawtoria ...	*Nil*	*Nil*	
Deshagbur ...	" 13 1-2	" 13 1-2	
Heilgers ...	" 12 1-2	" 12 1-2	"

EXPORTS.

COTTON.—Our market for this staple has been virtually closed during the past week, and on days when it has been nominally open hardly any business has transpired ; but local consumers have bought a little ready old staff—chiefly Oomras descriptions—and they have contracted for some New Bengals for December-January delivery, and Dholleras for February-March. Prices have been on about the previous level.

The weather and crop reports to hand yesterday by wire from the cotton-growing districts advised a continuance of weather favourable to the picking of the plants of the earlier growths, and the maturing of the crop in the latter districts, the only further rain registered having been nearly an inch in the Hubli district of the Dharwar circle.

WHEAT AND SEEDS.—These markets also have been closed for *Dewali* holidays, and we have heard of no important business having been done for export, while prices have been quoted nominally as before.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.

(Compiled for despatch by the Weekly Mail to Europe.)

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TELEGRAMS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

SERIOUS ASPECT OF THE WEST AFRICAN QUESTION.

PARIS, Oct. 28.

The *Temps* apprehends that a serious crisis is imminent in West Africa unless restraining orders are given immediately to the armed forces of both sides.

THE LATE DUCHESS OF TECK.

LONDON, Oct. 28.

The funeral of the Duchess of Teck takes place on Wednesday next, at St. George's Chapel, Windsor.

A NEW JUDGE.

Mr. C. J. Darling, Q.C., member for Deptford, has been appointed to a Judgeship.

THE ENGINEERS' STRIKE.

The Engineers on strike, in reply to the Board of Trade, express their willingness to enter a Conference, but impose conditions.

The Masters have not yet replied.

ILLNESS OF THE SULTAN OF ZANZIBAR.

Oct. 29.

The Sultan of Zanzibar is seriously ill with fever and erysipelas.

SIR MICHAEL HICKS-BEACH ON THE CURRENCY QUESTION.

Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, speaking at Bristol, said he entirely concurred with the Indian Government in their resolution to reject the proposal to reopen the Indian Mints.

The Government, he said, were pledged in maintaining a Gold standard.

THE GOVERNOR OF SUAKIM.

Colonel Parsons, the Governor of Suakim, has returned from Massowah.

OBITUARY.

LONDON, Oct. 29.

The death is announced of Lord Rosmead.

THE MAILS.

SUEZ, Oct. 28.

The P. and O. Co.'s s.s. Egypt, with the outward mails of the 23rd inst., left here, at 6 p.m. to-day.

ADEN, Oct. 28.

The P. and O. Co.'s s.s. Shannon, with the homeward mails of the 23rd inst., arrived here, at 11-30 a.m., to-day.

THE GOVERNOR'S TOUR.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, Oct. 29.

Lord Sandhurst will proceed on a short tour in Kathiawar district next month. His Excellency will hold a Durbar at Rajkot, on 25th, where all Chiefs will meet before that. His Excellency will turn the first sod of the Dwargadhra-Wadhwan Railway, which is about twenty-one miles in length, and will cost Rs. 6,80,000.

LORD SANDHURST IN POONA.

H. E. VISITS THE HOSPITALS.

His Excellency Lord Sandhurst, accompanied by Captain Heneage and the Native Aide-de-Camp, arrived, early this morning, from Dhond.

His Excellency remained in the carriage till 7 o'clock, when, accompanied by Mr. Lamb and Dr. Lloyd Jones, he went to the General Plague Hospital, where his Excellency went through the camp and inspected everything, and conversed with some of the patients, filling their hearts with no little joy in their unfortunate condition.

Lord Sandhurst next proceeded to the Hindu Hospital, near Chuttersing, where his Excellency was received by Professor Katharie, who conducted him to the dispensary. Lord Sandhurst went round the patients' shed, and spoke to most of the patients, making enquiries into everything, and before leaving signed his name in the visitors' book.

His Excellency then went in the City via Lakdipool, and almost at the gate of the city met with processions of dead bodies leaving it, whilst everywhere "closed houses" gave indication of its violence.

From there Lord Sandhurst drove to the Mahomedan Hospital, and thence to the Serregation Camp, returning to the Club of Western India.

His Excellency leaves for Mahableshwar to-morrow morning.

PRESENTATION OF A SANAD.

The interesting ceremony of presenting a sanad of Rao Bahadur to Mr. Chandar Raoji Gandhi, took place at the office of the Deputy Adjutant-General, this evening. Brigadier-General Curteis made the presentation, referring to Mr. Shankar as "the father of the office," and eulogised his good work.

THE PESTILENCE IN POONA.

There were 39 fresh cases in the city of Poona, to-day, and 30 in the cantonment, with 25 deaths, the imported cases numbering 7, some being brought from the Railway station.

In the General Plague Hospital 39 fresh admissions were made, bringing the number of those under treatment to 331. In the Mahomedan Hospital there remain under treatment 64, and in the Hindu, 51.

GAZETTE OF INDIA NOTIFICATIONS.

SIMLA, Oct. 29.

Revenue and Agriculture Department—Captain Fleming, Survey of India, is granted nineteen months' furlough from November 4th.

Public Works Department—Executive Engineer LaTouche is granted three months' extension of leave on sick certificate at home.

Mr. J. Ralph is appointed Assistant Engineer, Provincial Service, Bengal.

Legislative Department.—Pandit Surajkaul is gazetted an additional member of the Viceroy's Council.

Mr. Bosanquet is gazetted to officiate for Mr. Goudolf as Deputy Secretary during the latter's absence on privilege leave.

Military Department.—Captain Marriott officiates as Assistant Secretary, Military Department

Lieutenant Fraser, 5th Lancers, is appointed Extra A.D.C. to the Viceroy.

The Maharajah of Dholpur is attached as Orderly Officer to the staff of Major-General Symons, Commanding the 1st Division, Tirah Force.

Colonels Kennedy and Macneill are granted good service pensions, vice Colonels Begbie and Bowling, succeeded to Colonel's allowance.

Surgeon-Lieutenants Marjoribanks and Hutchison are posted to the Bombay Command from the date of arrival in India.

Surgeon-Colonel Bainbridge, Bombay, is promoted to be Surgeon-Major-General, vice Surgeon-General Cook, deceased.

The Hon'ble Mr. James has cancelled his leave, and his services have been replaced at the disposal of the Bombay Government.

Ten vacancies in the Lower Division of the Secretariat Clerical Service, Government of India, will be competed for next January, five being reserved for candidates domiciled in Upper India.

In view of the danger of plague at the approaching Pushkar Fair, Ajmere, the Government have prohibited the sale of Railway tickets to Ajmere and the neighbouring stations to pilgrims likely to come from the Bombay Presidency.

THE RECENT BRIBERY CASE.

JUDGMENT UPHELD.

A MAGISTRATE AND HIS CLERK GO TO JAIL.

LAHORE, Oct. 29.

In the Rawalpindi bribery cases which excited so much interest, the, Chief Court has upheld the judgment of the Sessions Judge of Rawalpindi, and Malik Ahmed Khan, formerly 1st Class Magistrate, and his clerk, both go to jail for three months.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 27.

The Anchor Line steamer Australia left here for Bombay this evening.

HONGKONG, Oct. 29.

The P. and O. Co.'s s.s. Sycotra (extra) left here this morning for London via Suez.

The Florio-Rubattino Co.'s s.s. Letimbro, from Bombay, arrived at Hongkong on the 28th inst.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, Oct. 28.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed easier. Sugars quiet.

Good Bhownagar 3

The Manchester Market has been quiet but steady.

2½ per cents. Consols 111 3-8

3 per cents. Rentes 102¼

3½ per cent. Sterling Loan 117

4½ per cent. Rupee Paper 93 7-8

Bar Silver 27⅞

The Bank of England Returns for the week ending yesterday, show the following results:—Total Bullion, £31,000,000; Decrease, 0 odd £000; Public Deposits, £6,000,000; Decrease, £700,000; Other Deposits, £38,393,000; Increase, £1,000,000; Other Securities, £28,000,000; Increase, £2,300,000; Notes and Gold, £31,500,000; Increase, £400,000. The Bank's Reserve is 44 per cent. of the Liabilities.

THE MALAKHAND FORCE.

THE DUM DUM BULLET.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENTS.)

SIMLA, Oct. 29.

The Head-quarters and Divisional Troops, Malakhand Force, marched to Dargai yesterday, on their way to Jalala. The 1st Malakhand Brigade follows them, to-day.

In his telegram, to-day, General Blood notices that the tribesmen about Malakhand have been so impressed with the difference in the nature of wounds inflicted by the Dum Dum bullet as compared with a similar shaped bullet used by the British troops in the Malakhand fight in 1895, that a story has got about that everyone hit by the new bullet dies.

MORTALITY AMONGST THE TROOPS.

The total number of deaths from disease in the Malakhand Force since the 6th September last, including the Base Hospital and line of communications, have only been seven British soldiers, five sepoys, and eight followers.

The Guides Cavalry and Infantry, which have done so well in both the Malakhand and Mamund campaigns, arrived at their permanent head-quarters at Mardan, yesterday (886 strong, including fifteen British Officers).

GENERAL ELLES' DESPATCH ON THE SHABKADR FIGHT.

APPRECIATION BY THE VICEROY AND THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

General Elles' Despatch on the Shabkadr Fight of the 9th August last, appears in the *Gazette*.

In ordering its publication the Viceroy cordially endorses the high appreciation expressed by the Commander-in-Chief of the prompt measures taken by General Elles to repel and punish the unprovoked raid within our borders and of the skilful way in which the troops were handled by him. The steadiness of the Infantry and the brilliant charge of the 13th Lancers are also referred to.

Amongst the names mentioned by General Elles are:—Colonel Woon; Major Atkinson; Captains Walker, Cox, Blacker, and Graham; Lieutenants Cheyne and Roney-Dougal; and Surgeon-Captain Goodwyne.

Owing to the paucity of officers, Colonel Woon was mounted in the firing line throughout, and was greatly exposed; while of Surgeon-Captain Goodwyne, General Elles says he attended to the wounded wherever the fire was the hottest, and showed great devotion to duty. He was himself knocked more than often by a stone or a spent bullet, but refused to leave his work.

Major Atkinson is mentioned in connection with the brilliant charge in which he commanded one and a-half miles over stoney ground, which completely rolled up the enemy's line.

Battery-Sergeant Wallman who fought the guns with great coolness when Captain Blacker was wounded is also mentioned.

THE PICQUET ATTACK AT HARI SINGH.

LAHORE, Oct. 29.

The shooting and tactics of the Afridis in harrassing our retirements continue to excite the admiration of our officers. At dark one volley was fired from at least 1,200 yards, and knocked over six men of the Yorkshire Regiment.

At Hari Singh Ka Burj, about six miles from Peshawar, on the Jamrud Road, are encamped two Squadrons of the 11th Hussars, one battery of Artillery, and part of the 8th Bengal Infantry.

A picquet within a hundred yards of the camp, defended on all sides, and held by eight men of the 8th Bengal Infantry, was rushed by the Afridis, who killed a Jamedar and wounded four men, and then made off with four Martini-Hearis and some ammunition. They have not yet been caught. This is the third time this picquet has been in difficulties, and now the camp is to be surrounded at night with a cordon of chowkidars.

NEW RAILWAY LINE.

PESHAWAR TO LUNDI KOTAL.

The Lahore paper says:—"It is proposed to lay a Railway line from Peshawar to Lundi Kotal. The Government of India have ordered all to be in readiness to start a survey, and Captain Rose, R. E., of the North-Western Railway, from Quetta, will be in charge of it. He has been ordered to hold himself in readiness."

We understand that some orders have also been sent to the North-Western Railway authorities about it."

THE TOCHI FORCE.

RECONNOITRING CONTINUED.

SIMLA, Oct. 29.

A telegram from Datta Khel, Tochi, dated 28th October, reports that a party consisting of thirty Sabras, two guns, and 250 rifles, under Major Kemball, accompanied by Lieutenant Perrie, left Miranshah, yesterday, to reconnoitre in the direction of Spinwam, and will probably be absent ten days.

THE PLAGUE AT JULLUNDHER.

THE SURROUNDING VILLAGES SAFE.

LAHORE, Oct. 29.

Latest details of the plague at Khatkar Kalan show that five cases and two deaths more have been recorded. Altogether there have now been 69 cases, 18 recoveries, and 32 deaths, leaving 22 still under treatment. The entire population of the village is now in huts.

The visit of the Medical Officer to the surrounding villages has found them healthy, so there is every reason to hope that the outbreak will not spread.

BOMBAY COMMAND ORDERS.

POONA, Oct. 29.

The Lieutenant-General Commanding the Forces is pleased to make the following appointments:—2nd Bombay Grenadiers—Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel Jervis, Indian Medical Service, in Medical Charge, 7th Bombay Infantry, to Medical Charge, vice Surgeon-Captain Hudson, Indian Medical Service, proceeded on Field Service.

Captain the Hon'ble R. Mostyn, No. 28 Company Southern Division, is attached to No. 23 Company Southern Division, Royal Artillery, as a temporary measure, until further orders.

Army Medical Staff—Surgeon-Major Morrison, on arrival from England, is posted to the Bombay District.

Army Veterinary Department—The services of Veterinary-Lieutenant Farmer are placed at the disposal of the Government of India for temporary employment in the Army Remount Department to assist in the purchase of Remounts at the Purchasing Remount Depot, Bombay, with effect from the 1st November.

Veterinary-Lieutenant Wilson is transferred from the Chief Station Veterinary Hospital, Mhow, to Karachi, to proceed on arrival of Veterinary-Major Whitefield.

Addition of Staff pay is authorised to the undermentioned officer, whose services have been temporarily placed at the disposal of the Commissariat Department, under the provisions of para. 40 of the Field Service Departmental Code, Commissariat Transport, no qualified officer being available for the duty:—Captain Gordon, 22nd Field Battery, Royal Artillery.

The undermentioned officers have qualified for the appointment of Acting Paymaster:—Lieutenant Lee, 20th Hussars; Lieutenant Chapman, 2nd Battalion Border Regiment; and Second-Lieutenant Stoddart, 1st Battalion, Wiltshire Regiment.

Military Works Department—Captain Ewbank, Royal Engineers, on return from Famine Duty, in the Public Works Department, is posted to the Bombay Defences Division, Military Works.

Army Medical Staff—Surgeon-Major E. Morris, on arrival from England, is posted to the Bombay District.

The Government of India have been pleased to order that the Native Troops and followers employed with the Tirah Expeditionary Forces shall be considered on foreign service for the purposes of the grant of family pensions under the usual Rules, with effect from the date of leaving Peshawar or Kohat, and also during all movements between those two places.

No. 80087 Driver A. Robb, T. Battery Royal Horse Artillery is hereby directed to proceed with Brigadier-General Wodehouse to the Malakhand Field Force, in charge of horses, as a special case.

The undermentioned Officers are granted leave to proceed out of India, on medical certificate, under the leave rules for the Staff Corps, the leave to have effect in India from the date of being struck off duty till the date of sailing, the specified period to count from the date of leaving India:—Surgeon-Captain Sprague, M.B., Indian Medical Service, Medical Officer, 5th Bombay Cavalry, for twelve months; and Lieutenant Griffith, Staff Corps, Officiating Squadron Officer, 2nd Bombay Lancers, for six months.

The undermentioned Officers and Warrant Officers have been permitted by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India to return to duty:—Colonel Grant, 4th Bombay Rifles; Lieutenan Hay, 29th Bombay Infantry; Lieutenant Bolton, 13th Bombay Infantry; and Conductor Chalwin, Ordnance Department. The undermentioned Officers and Warrant Officers have leave of absence:—Royal Fusiliers, 1st Battalion—Second Lieutenant Ollivant, six months, on medical certificate.

Indian Subordinate Medical Department—Surgeon and Senior Assistant Surgeon Fernandez, 6 months, medical certificate.

Commissariat Department—Lieutenant Harward, 2 months, medical certificate.

Sub-Conductor Leanon, 2 months, medical certificate.

20th Hussars—Lieutenant Swinny to 18th November proceeding his being required for duty with the Drafts of the Army Medical Staff; and Surgeon-Captain Anderson, from 4th October to 4th April, on medical certificate.

THE TIRAH EXPEDITION.

TAKING OF THE SAMPAGHA PASS.

A BRILLIANT FEAT.

VERY FEW CASUALTIES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Oct. 29.

The Sampagha Pass was turned and carried, at eleven o'clock, this morning, with very few casualties.

LATER.

In the action at the Sampagha Pass, to-day, Major de Butts, R.A., was killed, and Major Hanford Flood, of the 2nd Queen's, slightly wounded.

The assault was led by General Gaselee's Brigade and the enemy, though strongly posted, were easily driven from their position on the hills; the troops crossing over the pass into the Mastura Valley beyond.

The troops will halt there for the night, and attack the Arhanga Pass to-morrow.

In yesterday's advance from Karappa towards the Sampagha Pass, the Devonshires had three Privates wounded, one of them severely, and the Yorkshires had one Private dangerously wounded.

THE ADVANCE AGAINST GHUNDAKI.

LAHORE, Oct. 29.

In the advance of the First and Second Divisions on Ghundaki, yesterday, the enemy were driven from the ridge beyond Ghundaki by the Yorkshires and the 4th Gurkhas. A Sergeant of the Yorkshires and a Gunner were severely wounded.

Colonel Chaytor, with the Northampton Regiment, and the 36th Sikhs, occupied the heights to the east of Ghundaki, driving off the enemy from the heights to the west occupied by the 3rd Sikhs.

Signalling communication was established all round by daylight. Large bodies of the enemy were seen in the villages of Inandi and Ucazlara.

Reconnoitring parties are now on the road over Thappa range leading into the Mastura Valley.

ENCOUNTERS WITH RAIDERS.

SIMLA, Oct. 29.

General Hill's Column continues to concentrate in Upper Kurram, whence the defile, two miles north of Torell leading to Tirah, is reported to be held by 4,000 tribesmen, who have blocked the road with felled trees and walls.

One hundred Khyber Rifles with three Native officers were sent out before daylight from Jamrud, yesterday morning, to intercept a gang of eighty raiders at Bagian.

The enemy were found posted at the place, and shots were exchanged, the raiders being driven off with a loss of three wounded, and pursued up the Khyber as far as Fort Mands. Here they were reinforced by forty or fifty tribesmen, and a stand was attempted, but the Rifles dispersed the whole gathering, returning themselves safe to Jamrud last night.

A small party of the 9th Gurkhas, sent out from Bara to intercept thieves who infest the neighbourhood, came on a band of about a dozen, who fired three shots without effect. The Gurkhas wounded one man slightly with a bayonet, but effected no captures.

MORE ABOUT DARGAI.

A GRAND FIGHT.

LAHORE, Oct. 29.

Detailed accounts from the Tirah Force show what a grand fight that at Dargai was. Never has British arm acquitted itself more nobly. In the first rush of the Gurkhas, gallantly headed by Lieutenant Tillard, nearly all fell, and no advantage had been gained. Then General Yeatman-Biggs sent word to the Dorsetshires, supporting, that they must move forward, and at all risks dash for the ridge. The guns not having sufficient notice opened a heavy fire after the rush had begun. As far as could be seen not a man got across, and

THE GROUND WAS FORESUTE BESPATTERED WITH BULLETS.

The Officer Commanding the Dorsets then signalled that further advance was impossible, but the General did not know the word, and ordered up the Gordons, with the 3rd Sikhs, to support. This time due warning was given to the guns. Colonel Mathios, with his six pipers in front, led the most magnificent rush across the fatal zone that can be imagined. Man after man fell; the six pipers were down, one with a bullet through his leg, still urging his comrades across, while the leader himself was thrown by a bullet knocking a stone from under his foot, but

NOT A MAN FALTERED,

and carrying all with them the Gordons gained a zigzag and hurried climb and a rush, and the position was gained, the enemy hastily flying in all directions with a few volleys from our exhausted men, who pursued them as far as they could.

AN EARLY MORNING SURPRISE.

A DISTINCT ADVANTAGE.

TRANSPORT ARRANGEMENTS COMPLETED.

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 29.

A telegram to the *Pioneer*, date Karappa, 28th October, says:—Both divisions marched here to-day with the exception of the 21st Madras Pioneers, who remained at Karappa. The 3rd Brigade marched in later in the day. There was little or no opposition on the part of the enemy. The Northampton Regiment and 36th Sikhs were sent at 5 a.m. from Karappa to seize two hills about fifty yards distant from camp on the eastern side of the hill. They were taken without opposition, although lately strongly occupied by the enemy. Probably they were surprised by the early hour of the assault. Col. Chaytor commanded the two regiments concerned. When they reached the summits a well-aimed fire was directed on them from some hills further to the east. Detachments are holding various commanding points around the camp. A reconnaissance was made by two Regiments from here.

Colonel Sage, 2-1st Gurkhas, was slightly wounded in the leg.

A Camp Bara telegram of Thursday says:—Transport for the Peshawar Column is still being collected. Eight hundred mules and ponies came in yesterday; two hundred will come in to-day. This will about complete the whole transport required for the force. Supplies have hitherto been conveyed by maundage contracts. These will now be dismissed, and the worst of the animals will be replaced.

News have been received, to-day, that orders have been issued for a 12-pounder Battery with elephant carriage to be at once organised and equipped and despatched to join the Peshawar Column. Conjectures are rife as to its final destination.

Stalking parties have been told off from the Gurkhas.

Last night an attempt was made to capture some of the thieves who infest the north-east corner of the camp, where the Peshawar Road runs in, and who are getting very bold. They were seen, and one man seized; another was slightly wounded with a bayonet. None, however, were finally captured.

It seems to be recognised that the Peshawar column will have an important part to play in the campaign taken on, and a battery of 12-pounder guns with elephant carriage is now being organised. "A" Battery, Royal Horse Artillery, Rawalpindi, will furnish the guns and gunners. Considering the difficult nature of the country in the lower Bara Valley, we doubt if elephants will be able to work through the defiles and over the hills, but if operations have to be undertaken in the Bazar Valley, they can readily move as far as China. General Maude took elephants with him to the valley in 1858.

The Mauzul *lashkar*, which was reported some days ago as being in the Karmana defile, east of Saddle, has not yet moved towards the Kurram Valley. It would seem to be a force of observation to check any movement by Colonel Hill's column up the defile and over the pass leading into the Upper Khanki Valley. The Mauzul and Chamkannis have apparently been told off for this duty instead of being asked to send their fighting men to help in the defence of the Sampagha Pass.

THE LAHORE PAPER ON THE WAR PATH.

In our issue yesterday (Tuesday), writes the *Civil and Military Gazette*, we published a letter from a correspondent with the Tochi Field Force, the accuracy of whose criticisms on the perfectly astounding political "management" of affairs during the past four months has been borne out by descriptions we have already received from other sources. Probably in the whole course of our frontier expeditions there has been no more monumental example of the "*achcha*" method of "punishing" a tribe for a wanton act of treachery than has been afforded by this most unfortunate expedition. Our correspondent has already given so many examples of this same management, that it might appear unnecessary to

"GILD THE SOLD"

by adding more. But it is only by multiplying instances of this policy, which must make our punitive efforts an object of derision to the tribes, that any hope of ultimate improvement of our methods can be entertained. And this by reason of a storm of public opinion on the matter. Some time after the force entered the Tochi, it was decided that in certain cases prisoners might be tried by a military commission with summary powers. This seemed hopeful; and on one occasion, when a man was caught red-handed loading his rifle with the intention of firing on a body of troops, and was tried then and there,—in the absence of any political interference—and shot on the spot side, it seemed that a more sensible method of dealing with prisoners was coming in. But when subsequently a Mezdi-Khel prisoner was brought in, after attempting to fire on a party, and found to be wearing belts belonging to one of the regiments present at Maizar, it was decided that

A MILITARY COMMISSION COULD NOT TRY HIM,

the action at Maizar having occurred before the existence of the Field Force. In the same way a man caught at Maizar, wearing a sergeant's cardigan jacket, was sent down by the Political authorities to the base for "trial." Any excuse, or no excuse, is enough to get these men off the punishment they so richly deserve; and when in addition our own troops are absolutely afraid to fire on suspicious individuals, for fear of being themselves punished, it is time that the whole position of the civilian in a Field Force should be reconsidered. Why, last Thursday, a Mahsudi able that a knowledge of the language of the country less than sufficient to qualify for the Lower Standard should suffice for the Chief Civil Officer of a Force engaged in most important dealings with a tribe, is apparently not settled; no doubt it prevents hasty decisions being made when information has to be carried on through an interpreter who can only convey his Pushtu into indifferent Urdu. But these things are beyond the scope of ordinary minds to comprehend.

THE CITY MORTALITY.

The Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours ending 6 a.m., yesterday, give the following results:—

Ward.	Plague Attacks.	Plague Deaths.	Deaths from all Causes.
A Middle and Lower Colaba and Esplanade	0	0	5
B Mandvi, Umarkhadi & Dongri	9	3	23
C Bhuleshwar	15	0	25
D Khetwady	0	0	10
E Tarwadi and Byculla	2	0	37
F Parel	0	0	3
G Mahim	0	0	0
Water Division	0	0	2
Non-Residential and unknown	0	0	1
Hospitals	0	5	10
Total	12	8	118
Total to date	63,653	11,074	
Recent arrival from up-country. (Postal.			

SAME DATE LAST YEAR.

Attacks	9
Deaths	10

CHOLERA.

Attacks	4
Deaths	1

INFLUX AND EXODUS.

During the twenty-four hours ending 6 a.m., yesterday, the numbers of persons who left Bombay and entered the city by land and sea was as follows:—Arrivals by sea 1,24, and by land through Mahim and Sion Causeways 3,702, making a total of 4,726 persons. Departures by sea 929, and by land through Mahim and Sion Causeways 3,805, making a total of 4,734 persons.

HOSPITAL RETURNS.

The following are the number of patients that have remained under treatment in the several hospitals:—Arthur Road, 50; Grant Road, 23; Dariasthan, 11; Hindu Fever, 10; Jain (Parel), 7; Jain (Bhuleshwar), 5; Memon Mohalla, 4; Pydhoni, 3; Julai, 3; Madanpora Peerbhoy, 3; and Don Street, 1. There were no fresh deaths from plague in the hospitals.

MEDICAL OFFICERS' REPORT.

The Medical Officer in charge of B Ward, in his report to the Plague Committee, stated that on Thursday 148 houses were visited in Mandvie Chuckla, Doogree, and Cumercarry, and four cases of plague and one death due to the same disease were discovered. Also 7 cases of simple fever were also detected, while two suspicious cases have been kept under observation. Dariasthan Street was responsible for most of the above cases. Two cases of plague were reported from C Ward (Bhuleshwar and Dhobi Talao).

EPIDEMIC AT CUTCH MANDVIE.

A telegram from Cutch Mandvie, received by the Plague Committee, yesterday, stated that on the 27th instant there were 240 cases, including 106 women, employed in breaking stones on the works going on at the Julai and Arbar Road Hospitals.

INSPECTION AT MANDVIE.

SIX CASES REMOVED.

On Thursday evening, inspection was carried on at Mandvie by the District Medical Officer, Capt. Grant, accompanied by Mr. Khimji Hirji Kaya, the Special Constable of the locality, and the Sub-divisional Medical Officers with their staff. The whole party began inspection from Dongri Street as at Carnac Bridge side, and after examining the whole Street went to Dariasthan Street. Here the party divided into two. The following cases were detected: In Gandevi Navapran, who locked after the house from outside. On some suspicion, Mr. Kayani had the room opened, and the party was astonished to find the case to be a Hindu female. She had signs of bubonic plague, having two bubos, 104° temperature, and was quite delirious. Her was at once removed to the Dr. Johnson Dariasthan Hospital, which is exactly opposite to the house occupied by him. In the next house to it Captain Grant and Mr. R. H. Kayani found in a widow, one that of Bhoola Hemar, who had a high temperature of 105°, and was exhibiting signs of the bubonic plague, and the other at Bhanji Jadurji, who was also suffering from high fever. Both the cases were removed to the above hospital, House No. 32 was next visited by Captain Grant and Mr. Kayani, in which they detected Bai Mankor, having a temperature of 103°, who was removed to the Bhatia Plague Hospital. The above cases were detected in the houses exactly opposite to the Dariasthan Hospital, and amongst the Lohana community, to which caste the hospital belongs. Another plague case, of Premji Jadhu, was removed from House No. 3, Argyle Road.

Yesterday morning, inspection was carried on in the Da Souza, Samuel, and Castrobas Streets. The search party consisted of Captain Grant, Dr. Sorab, the Deputy Health Officer, Mr. Ringrow, Chief Inspector, R Wadia, Mr. Khimji Hirji Kayani, and the S. D. M. Officers, and their staff. Inspection was carried on up to 9-30, and when on returning to the office, information was brought, and later a plague case was detected at House No. 28-30, Muslid Sidina Street, of Jagannath Garibe, who was removed to the Jain Hospital.

PASSENGERS BY THE HOMEWARD MAIL.

The P. and O. S. N. Co.'s s.s. Caledonia, Captain W. B. Andrews, will sail to-day, for London and Brindisi, with the English mails, and the following passengers:—

FOR LONDON VIA MARSEILLES.

Adams, Mr
Agra, Mr G H
Arnoie, Mrs
Ashwith, Mr
Baldon, Miss
Barrett, Mr C A
Batt, Mr A
Bennet, Col and Mrs Burton and child
Bisson, Rev and Mrs G E
Bynden
Bonnan, Miss
Bird, Mr H M
Cardniff, Mr and Mrs H W
Chein, Mrs
Carter, Mrs
Collins, Miss
Courtney, Mrs and child
Cowley, Mr F W
De Jersy, Mrs
Dongion, Miss
Downs, Mr and Miss
Douglas, Capt, Mrs and family
Drake, Mrs
Evans, Mr
Evans, Miss
Glasgow, Mr and Mrs
Gordon, Mr
Greenfield, Miss
Hall, Miss
Heckle, Mr J H
Hunfress, Mr H
Hutchinson, Mrs and child
Hyde, Master
Hawkes, Col G
Jawsons, Mrs and infant
Keogh, Mr
Lees, Mr A
Lonfevre, Mr and Mrs H M
Macdonald, Mr and infant
Macleod, Mr M R
Marshall, Mr D
Milara, Mr G W
Marovell, Surg Lieut Scott
Oosiow, Major and Mrs G and child
Orr, Mr A A
Owen, Mr and Mrs F A
Pascoe, Mr T E
Porter, Surg Capt Bruce, and family
Reid, Mrs and child
Robert, Mr P T
Robinson, Mr and Mrs W M
Sowells, Mr and Mrs R G
Sparkes, Mr, Mrs and child
Smith, Mr Monk
Strachan, Miss
Tarachund, Mr E K
Thomas, Mr G
Towns, Surg Lieut Col and Mrs

FOR MARSEILLES.

Holdworth, Miss and Master
Holdworth, Mr and Mrs J
Mooney, Mr F E

FOR SUEZ.

Lobo, Mr L
Rendos, Mr F

FOR BRINDISI.—Woodward, Mr.

FOR ADEN.

James, Capt
Macfarlane, Surg Lieut and Miss
Regan, Mr C N
Sarson, Capt

TABLE TALK.

(BY WALTER BESANT.)

LONDON, Oct. 8.

There is an excellent American Magazine called the *Cosmopolitan* which is not, I believe, published in this country. It is sent to me, however, by the editor to whom I am infinitely obliged. Among other papers of interest in the last month's number is a paper by Mr. Julian Hawthorne on "England's Treatment of India." I began the article with fear and trembling. Now, I thought, we shall receive the lashing which our many shortcomings doubtless deserve. Seldom, indeed, do these shortcomings escape the Search Light of our American friends. Indeed, the Search Light is too often a microscope which multiplies a hundred fold. To my joy, however, I found not only an impartial but a kindly critic. Mr. Hawthorne finds ample cause for admiration at our administration of the most difficult country in the whole world. We have been just, firm and benevolent. The population, saved from wars, if not from famine, has increased thresefold; the people have been saved from the cruelties and the oppressions of their native rulers; colleges have been established; the name of English magistrate stands now for equity, whereas formerly the name of magistrate stood for oppression; and the task of Christianising the country, if it has not yet been very far advanced, is always kept steadily in view. "Whatever else," says Mr. Julian Hawthorne, "the Government of England has to answer for, as to India she must be acquitted."

The Jubilee rejoicings have made many Americans of the better sort consider for themselves the position occupied by Great Britain and the British Empire. Some of these have written to me on the subject. One man, a friend of this country, tells me that he is sorry to hold a view so pessimistic, but he cannot avoid warning me that before five years are out, Great Britain will be destroyed by a Coalition of all the Powers together; that the colonies will be independent, the Empire lost and ruined, our trade broken up and gone, and nothing left except a small island, with a population daily decreasing, enfeebled and impoverished. This prophecy is born of certain newspaper rumours which the American Press would naturally receive as authentic, because they were sensational. The rumours spoke of such a coalition as not only contemplated, but in course of formation. The letter, however, showed the mental condition which accepts and believes in any paragraph mostly conveying a gross misconception of the situation. Next, however, he forms his ideas about Englishmen from those who live near him. He is a Californian. He says that all around him are Englishmen—"skilled mechanics, bookkeepers, labourers, sea captains, &c." We do not expect the manners of a perfect gentleman in a mechanic; if we did, we should be disappointed; why, then, should my correspondent? It may be advanced—and may be true—that the skilled mechanic of the States really does possess better manners than our own person of the same rank. However, if my correspondent can come over here with a few letters of introduction, I think we can show him some better manners and send him back with an improved idea of the English gentleman.

I have just discovered a curious illustration of Scottish patriotism, and that anti-English feeling which was common in Scotland till quite recently. Perhaps it has not wholly died out yet. In the year 1792 the goldsmiths of Edinburgh presented the Earl of Buchan with a silver-mounted box made of the oak which sheltered William Wallace after his defeat at Falkirk. The Earl presented it to the President of the United States requesting him at his decease to bestow this valuable relic upon that American who in his opinion should best deserve it of his country. To whom was that box presented? Where is it now? If any one can give the history of the box thus presented to the most worthy American it would be extremely interesting. Why, however, should not the Earl of Buchan give his cup to a fellow Scot?

A great many literary people have read with interest the programme of the new Review called "Literature," contained in the "Times" of the other day. It contains two or three features which to me, are especially gratifying, because I so entirely agree with them. The first is that of the exclusion of names and the editor of the new venture. The points which are especially pleasing are (1), there will be a selection of books for review; in this way it will be a distinction for a book to be selected. This distinction does not mean praise; it may mean quite the reverse; but it means that the work so selected is at least not feeble; that it deserves attention. (2) It is hoped that every book so selected will be noticed within three weeks. (3) To use the words of the prospectus, "It is strongly felt by the projectors of 'Literature' that the practice of indiscriminately reviewing, or, at any rate, 'noticing,' every book what issues from the press is one that, by the stimulus which it affords to the production of worthless work, is tending seriously to the degradation of literary standard and the confusion and disgust of readers." Very good, indeed. There remains but one point, and that is to prevent books from falling into the hands of personal friends or personal enemies. With these guarantees there is hope that criticism will take a new departure. We shall get not a good and conscientious article here and there, but a higher level throughout of responsible and serious and scholarly criticism.

The modes and manners of critics change from age to age. Here is a pamphlet in which our critic treats another critic after the manner of the year 1753, or thereabouts, for there is no date on the title page. The critic under treatment was one William Lauder, who attempted to prove that Milton was a plagiarist on an extensive scale. This attack made some noise at the time, and my writer undertook the defence. One would think that his method would be to deal with the points of attack "seriatim" after stating the nature of the case. This, however, was not the method of the time. We must first hear what manner of man the assailant was, and what was his character. Thus, he was remarkable and suggestive that he had a wooden leg. He got his wooden leg by a ball which struck him on the knee on the golf links; the bone was softened, and amputation was performed. He ought to have died under the operation; but, unfortunately, he survived, and was spared to attack Milton. He taught Latin in Edinburgh. Having now only one leg, his judgments were naturally one-sided, his temper was fiery, his voice loud and thundering, his eyes rolling and fierce, his language violent, his society was nauseous. He was perpetually having quarrels over points of Latin scholarship, and always trying in vain for some appointment in the University. He was a violent Jacobite. When he was made Usher of the Dundee Grammar School he divided the boys into Jacobites and Georgites, and made them fight. And so on and so on. In fact, the man Lauder was a very sorry creature indeed, though the fact had very little bearing upon his essays which were published in the *Gentleman's Magazine* of 1747, and in collected book form in 1751, under the title of "An Essay on Milton's Use and Imitation of the Modern in his Paradise Lost." Bishop Douglas discovered the tricks by which Lauder attempted to prove his alleged plagiarism, and the man was forced to confess. The pamphlet from which I quote was written before Douglas's discovery. Lauder found no place for him in England or in Scotland after this discovery; he went out to Barbadoes, where he kept a school till his death. We are not concerned, however, with the man but with the method of his critic. It was to make the man ridiculous and contemptible before he tackled the work. There is a good deal to be said for the method. What judgment can we expect of a man with a wooden leg? How shall a man with fiery eyes be expected to speak the truth? What reliance can be placed on one who teaches Latin? What Jacobite can pretend to be a scholar?

What became of unmarried gentlewomen in the eighteenth century? There were many. Some had money and lived alone, with the best bank of Mistress. Some had none, and lived for the most part with the eldest brother. Even the thought of working for their livelihood was a degradation unspeakable; in fact, they did work, but it was the household work. Such a woman is described by Grose, writing in 1798. He says:

When I was a young man there existed in the families of most unmarried men or widowers of the rank of gentlemen, residents in the country, a certain antiquated, female, either maiden or widow, commonly an aunt or cousin. Her dress I have now before me, it consisted of a self-coloured cap and hood, a little hoop, a rich silk damask gown with large flowers. She leant on an ivory-headed cruisn cane and was followed by a fat phlegmatic dog of the pug kind who commonly reposed on a cushion, and enjoyed the privilege of smelling at the servants, occasionally biting their heels with impunity. By the side of this good old lady jingled a bunch of keys, securing in different chests and corner cupboards all sorts of cordial waters, cherry and raspberry brandy, washes for the complexion, Daffy's Elixir, a rich seed cake, a number of pots of currant jelly and raspberry jam with a range of galipots and phials containing saives, electuaries, julaps and purges for the use of the neighbourhood. The

could the better face the past, if it rose up again, as it has a fatal habit of doing. The author truly says "it is a mistake to think that the past dies, it only sleeps, and we carry it with us through life, slumbering. Those are wise that beat it gently, so that it may never be aroused." This is one of the many words of wisdom neatly clothed, which Mr Merriman scatters through his pages, and which make us feel for our note-book to record and save it from oblivion. The very man to whom Conyngham does a service in Spain becomes his direst foe, and through this act of careless good-nature adventure runs into tragedy, and more than one of the interesting characters in the book have a breathless race for life. In choosing a guide to accompany him across the mountains to Ronda, the traveller decides to risk as little as he can. "I'll take the smallest cut-throat of the crew," he says, and selects Concepcion Varo, a cheat that turns out well. His first journey gave him into suspicious company, for some notorious smugglers attach themselves to him, and get shot on the way by the "Guardia Civile," and naturally Conyngham comes in for a share of the doubt suggested by this companionship. An introduction to General Vincente is the beginning of an intimate acquaintance with this charmingly described personality and is, moreover, the determining cause of his falling head over ears in love with the most exquisite of Spanish maidens, General Vincente gives him a candid opinion of the army of ten thousand mercenaries from England who landed in Spain to fight for Queen Christina :—

"We did not pay them much," said he, "with a deprecating little smile," but they did not fight much. Their pay was generally in arrear; and they were usually in the rear as well. What will you, my dear Conyng ham? You are a commercial people—you keep good soldiers in the shop window, and when a buyer comes you serve him with second-class goods from behind the counter."

Post the English legion in Spain took a very different view of their treatment there can be little doubt, for they left, "horrified by the barbarities of a cruel war where prisoners received no quarter and the soldiers on either side were left without pay or rations." A fine character in the book is the Padre Concha, who tried to direct the minds of his people away from the stormy paths of war and intrigue to peace, who in his simplicity "read his Master's words quite literally, and went about his work with neither purse nor scrip." He knew much, but never used his knowledge unnecessarily. "The wise man does not hang his knowledge on a hook," he was in the habit of saying. Estella Vincente, by her brave bearing in Toledo, where she personated the Queen Regent and thus gave time for the life of the little Queen to be saved, earns with her intrepid spirit the title of the heroine of this story, and fires herself for ever in the heart of Frederick Conyngham.

Wilkie Collins' Woman in White, is now placed in the ranks of Messrs. Longmans, Green and Co.'s Colonial Library (39, Paternoster Row, London and Bombay). It is just as certain to interest the readers of this generation, as it did those of the early sixties—it was published in book form in 1861. As the author then observed, "the primary object of a work of fiction should be to tell a story. . . . It may be possible, in novel-writing, to present characters successfully without telling a story; but it is not possible to tell a story successfully with-ut presenting characters; their existence as recognisable realities being the a le condition on which the story can be effectively told. The only materials which can hope to lay hold of the attention of readers, is a narrative which int-rests them about men and women—for the perfectly obvious reason that they are men and women themselves." The "Woman in White" will be read with as much interest and excitement now as in the year it was first published. The gentle unassertive Lady Glyde (Laura Fairlie) is not quite so typical a character as she then was; the muscular, free, and independent girl is more the representative of English young ladyhood now. Count Fosco had more leisure in the sixties to work out his diabolical plans, and smile his eternal smile than would be granted him now, but Count Fosco there are still as real as he. Marian Halcomb, the brave, unselfish girl, true heroine, and good angel, as distinguished from the beauty of the story, has not died out. Marriages for money are almost as common, and romance, let us hope, has not for ever been abandoned by the human race. The story told in sections by four different characters, sustains the style and personality of each, Count Fosco's, as that of the villain of the piece, being the most absorbing in interest.

Errors in English: With Hints to Composition, by Ferdunji D. Mulla, M.A., Examiner in Arts to the University of Bombay ("Times of India" Steam Press). The author has collected a number of incorrect English on the lines of Messrs Allardice and Barrett's "Indian English Exposed," not only corrections of the errors but well-applied reflections on various points bearing on the different subjects. Written as it is by a Parsi, and for the use of Parsi students, the book will be of practical advantage to all students studying the English language. The author shows, by several original illustrations, the absurdity of needless repetition, pointing out how it might be avoided by slight modifications. The index and series of questions at the end of the book add to its utility. For instance, the answer to the question :—"Max Muller mentions the plateau of the Pamir, the cradle of the Aryans, what does he mean?" gives the student a good deal to think about. The treatment of synonyms is elaborate; the difference between *wonder* and *surprise* is explained and occupies four pages. The incorrect sentences and the corrections and illustrations will be excellent practice for schoolboys. Even masters of language are corrected in these pages. Macaulay is shown to have confounded the use of the words *town* and *city*, and Dr. Robertson is blamed for having "sometimes misplaced *will* and *shall* ridiculously." Many of the questions suggest excellent subjects for essay writing, and make the effort easy by reference to the pages that supply the data. The distinction between *subjective* and *objective*, the remarks on the formation of style, and on Tennyson's "Two Voices" are instructive and interesting. The modest title of the publication hardly suggests all its subject matter. We have a summing up of the Aryan question, reflections on the origin of the universe, a study of "Society" versus "Solitude," and "Poesry" versus "Science," the analogy between the laws of nature and human life, a historical account of the great political parties of progress, Malthus's theory, &c., &c. The author has culled his examples generously from English literature, from Carlyle, Ruskin, Thackeray, Macaulay, Shakespeare, Wordsworth, Scott, Shelley, Tennyson, and others. Recent British history is not neglected. Mr. Mulla has diligently worked at the production of this volume. A few specimens of his correction of sentences will give some idea of his method.

"1. England is a free-trade country and her trade is free.

2. China has been stationary for two hundred centuries and she is always what she was.

3. A cherry is a red fruit and its colour is red.

4. An apple is round and is never square."

The corrections are a little elaborate.

"1. England is a free-trade country, her commerce being unrestricted by duties or tariff regulations.

2. China has been stationary for two hundred centuries, she high civilisation she had evolved in very ancient times not having advanced a step further.

3. A cherry is a red fruit, the shades of the colour differing in its hundred varieties.

4. An apple is a round fruit," and so on.

In the following sentence, "Such a sort of man's life is spent in doing good acts," the correction is given, "The life of such a sort of man, etc." We could have wished that Mr. Mulla had gone a little further and said "The life of such a man," and again, be permits, though he does not encourage, the formation of rather complex noun-phrases, as "A mountain-peak's loving lady's history is that of the present Queen of Italy's," he says they "are really the privileges of masters and makers of language." We hope that the masters will carefully impugnolino such astounding purisms. Mr. Mulla gives good advice as to the formation of style in composition :—"It is sometimes supposed that the use of long sentences lends dignity to the style; but the student must not attempt to form his style by a studied imitation of the style of this or that author."

The intended match between Her Majesty's eldest grandchild, Princess Feodora of Saxe-Meiningen with Prince Henry of Reuss is not (says the "Daily News" Paris correspondent) a brilliant one. She is eventually heiress to a large fortune, but Prince Henry, XXX. is the fourth son of a young or son. All four married out of sovereign families. Their wives, however, were accepted on a regular footing, and none of their offspring are debarred as morganatic. The Reuss family has the curious custom of calling all its sons Henry in all the different branches. They are numbered according to priority of birth in the century in which they happen to be born. There was a Henry LXXIII. born in the eighteenth century who lived into the present century. The father of the present XXX. is Henry IX., whose estate and castle is at Newkoff, in Silesia. His children are styled Serene Highnesses, and both are in the Prussian Army, the one having the rank of Major-General and the other of Captain. Princess Feodora attended the Queen's Diamond Jubilee with the hereditary Princess of Saxe-Meiningen as her chaperon to the late Duke of Clarence and the Princess Victoria of Wales is very striking.

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THE INVASION OF THE ALIEN.

Mr. Maltman Barry, in the "New Century Review," writes :—The English Radical and Irish Nationalist parties of to-day are the ready tools of England's enemies, both at home and abroad, and while those parties exist and England is not actually at war, those enemies need no organisation of their own. But should we go to war, these hostile foreigners—"English Radical politicians" they now call themselves—will cast their skin, go back to the Vaterland from whence they came and shoulder a musket against England. Surely the story of the traveller who warmed in his bosom the frozen viper back into life was written to illustrate England's incredible folly in harbouring pauper aliens!

But great as are all the evils brought upon the State and the general community by the pauper alien, they are as nothing when compared with the ruin that he inflicts upon the English working class. The pauper alien is imported direct into the English labour market, into the weakest and most vulnerable spot in that market—namely, in the East-end of London. And there is no room for doubt as to what his action will be when he gets there. His absolute destitution leaves him no choice but to sell his labour at once, and to sell it for whatever it will bring. His feelings may be of the finest and his reluctance to undersell his fellow-workmen may be extreme, but his poverty compels him to accept, to thankfully accept, whatever is offered him. He is not a free agent: his urgent necessities control the situation. What follows? Simply this, that he is engaged, at less than half the wages, to do work which has hitherto been done by an Englishman, and that the Englishman is notified that, after Saturday next, his services will not be required. That is all. There is no fault found with the Englishman, nor with his work. The work, in fact, is acknowledged to be the best that can be got. But the competition in prices is keen, the labour of the pauper alien is cheaper than the Englishman's, and therefore the Englishman must go and the pauper alien take his place. That is all.

With the loss of his employment, the last stage of the English workman's struggle for life usually begins. At first he tries to get employment elsewhere, but finds every avenue closed. Especially is this the case if he has the misfortune to have reached middle life. Presently, to keep the wolf from the door, the little household gods begin to go, one after another, with ever-quickening pace. Then the wife's and children's clothing, then the man's, and, finally, the landlord's patience being exhausted, it is the street, the workhouse, the prison, or the river. That this is a true picture of what is taking place in hundreds of cases in the East-end of London every day—yesterday, to-day, and to-morrow—will not be denied by anyone conversant with the life of the poor. Read the speeches of the shoemakers' delegates at recent Trade-Union Congresses, men who are staunch recognised Radicals in politics and cosmopolitan in their working-class sympathies. These speeches lay bare the terrible results to London workmen of pauper-alien immigration, and Congress itself, by large and repeated majorities, (majorities of delegates present and majorities of men represented, passes resolutions calling for the legal and immediate prohibition of that immigration. These resolutions of successive Trade-Union Congresses lift the question out of the sphere of Party politics and place it on the high ground of national and working-class well-being.

The argument is completed. I have shown that the importation of destitute foreigners into this country is fraught with ruin to our working classes, with injury to the health of the community, and with danger to the State. And, these things being proved, it follows naturally that prevention is the true cure in respect of them is the immediate duty of the Government. The preventive legislation called for by the simplest character, making two requirements and two requirements only—namely, a clean bill of health and the possession on the part of the alien immigrant as would save him from the necessity of underselling his English fellow-workman. Of course, care would have to be taken to exempt political refugees from the operations of the measure, but that goes without saying. The question is, as I have said, no Party one. At the same time it is quite certain that the Party that has the courage and good fortune to deal with it will earn and will receive the gratitude of the English working class for many a long day to come.

NAPOLEON AS A RULER.

An extract from "The Hates of Napoleon," by Charles Whibley, in the *Fortnightly Review* says :—Cruel, relentless, unscrupulous, Napoleon fought the world of Pitt and Burke, of Wordsworth and Chateaubriand, with the weapons of the Middle Ages. He treated the august States of Europe which as slight a courtesy as he would have treated a rival village in Corsica had he never found a larger theatre for his enterprise. In his native land the inhabitant of the next valley was his natural foe; and had this foe sounded the horn upon the mountain as he passed by, he would have slain him for his insolence. So in Europe, no man might blow the trumpet of revolt; and, since he dispensed with justice, and since he exacted both eyes and a dozen teeth for the smallest infraction, his vengeance was always swift, ample, and unquestioned. "Arrest this man," he writes to Fouché, "and imprison him for three months;" and never once does he hint at the pedantic necessity of trial or inquiry. He condemned and sentenced whomever he chose, and thus facilitated the work of government. The Revolution is always imagined by enthusiasts as a belated revenge for the majesty of Louis XIV.; yet the Great King himself never for one instant knew the omnipotent tyranny enjoyed by Napoleon, the son of the people. For a parallel you must return to Louis XI, and then you will find this ancient King a miracle of mildness compared to the Corsican. So early as the month of Pluviose in the year XII. he ordered Fouché to put to the torture a sailor caught in communication with the English, and his treatment of criminals never ceased to be mediæval in its cunning. He would lay traps for the unwary with an adroitness which puts the modern detective of "The Mutiny" to the blush. He explicitly orders Talleyrand to entangle a Spanish Prince in a love affair. "Invite Madame Talleyrand with four or five women to meet him," he coolly commands; "if the Prince of the Asturias attaches himself to one pretty woman, and you are sure of her, that would be no harm, since you would have an extra chance of watching him." Shoot the bureaucrat," that is the naked eloquence of a letter to General Clarke. On one occasion he hears that an actor is a dangerous intriguer. "If this refers to politics," says he to Fouché, "arrest him and have him whipped, as all this riff-raff deserves when it meddles with serious things." So his family increases, and he bids his Minister "shut up Doctor Maret" and silence at any social, "I teach him to preach sentiments against honour." When the appearance of a son arises in French uniform inspired a Konigsberg audience to hiss, Napoleon demanded exemplary justice for this insult. "I refuse to say cause the place," he wrote, "until the two principal offenders are shot, and if the King of Prussia permits me to do thus outraged, he need be under no alarm for his capital." For twenty long years, and even when was he satisfied: he insisted that the Prussian Envoy should be recalled from Paris, and concluded with the abuse that if these rascals, as we say daily on the battle-field as they are arrogant in the wings of a theatre, continue to behave in this manner, the Prussian monarchy would be lost. So Hatzfeld was obliged from floor to ceiling for the insult which "she had offered to sixty of my troops." Paulus fared still worse. "As for Paulus, he protested, "if there is any great family there that has conducted itself badly, I wish it to be destroyed from top to bottom that it may serve for an example in the annals of infamy." Mercy was completely foreign to his nature. When a charge was brought against General Dubesme, a Italian officer, he had him summoned instantly to Paris. "If he is innocent, he exclaimed, "let him be purged at once; if he be guilty, let him lose his head on the scaffold. His common policy with offenders was admirable. He suppressed the trial, and merely announced that the first of his race within forty leagues of Paris they would be arrested and banished.

A HIGH FALUTIN BAPTIST.

The autumn meetings of the Baptist Union were held at Plymouth. The Rev. Elwin Gorsuch Lodge, F.R.A.S., President of the Union, occupied the chair.

The President chose for the title of his address "The Kingly Christ." At the outset he said he did not intend to be rhetorical, intellectual, or philosophical, but merely spiritual. Some men professed the kingship of Jesus Christ did not occupy a prominent position in our private meditations and public assertions of the importance of that Godhead. Even in this world He never wore a royal diadem; the many of earth's greatest kings had been uncrowned. They might lay hands on and imprison and slay a piece of metal on his head, call him king; but the still more small him one. Lord Salisbury's Government might call a man a post, give him the Garter's honourable, and place him in Tennyson's hall; but the world would and listened yet for the coming glory words which should thrill a nation's ears. The true kings, like preachers and poets, were born, not made. The kingdom of Christ survived every fool-de-ter. It was ever yet a pre-ession with the that earth's monarchs reigned by divine right. Listening to the utterances of the German Kaiser, they might infer that he ruled the German Empire by the special appointment of Heaven, and that the Almighty went out of His way to create such a prodigy; but while earthly Princes owed their position to the pure accident of birth, Jesus reigned as King of Grace by the eternal will of God. Christ was also King by the sufferings of His subjects. Few monarch to-day would dare to submit to the test—to one question whether they should resign or continue to reign. The result would banish misery a tyrant and remove not a few Royal nonentities from palace and throne. Even in our own land, while by an overwhelming majority the nation would acclaim Victoria Queen, yet a large and influential minority would show their preference for another form of government. They had earned for themselves the appalling title, "Little Englanders." So be it. Statesmen had yet to learn that the truest patriots and the best friends of the country were those who hated all wrong and unlawful acts, whether in private or commercial enterprise or in the wider sphere of politics.

After the president's address a series of resolutions on public questions were discussed.

Mr. T. K. Freeman, of London, moved a resolution urging that in the Lord's Supper only non-intoxicating wine should be used, that deacons and other officials in the church and Sunday school should not be asked to give the drink traffic; and also urging the Parliamentary of soliciting or receiving financial help from brewers or distillers or any who are engaged in the manufacture of or sale of intoxicants.

He (Mr. Freeman) considerable difference of opinion as to the advisableness of passing such a resolution. Dr. Glover, Bristol, stating that he did not like the anti-tobacco element in the last section. It was quite easily decided to adjourn the discussion till the spring assembly.

[illegible]

Floorlinen.—For the Teeth and Breath. A few drops of the liquid "purifine" sprinkled on a wet tooth or on the brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleans the teeth from all particles of impurities, hardens the gums, purifies the breath, stops decay, gives to the teeth a pearlike whiteness and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It is a most unexpensive article and one found useful in every household. Wholesale Depot, 11, Farringdon Road, London, E.C.

Odol.—Odol is a sense of comfort in a tropical climate, which no new friendship can supply. Dentifrice's Tamarac Soap is your good old friend, now at once outstanding and assists the tasks of soaps which, during the last few years, have been introduced. And why? In this: Because it really possesses the properties claimed for it. It is a good soap for the skin and complexion, ever known. It quickly relieves the irritation resulting from prickly heat, it destroys and stamps of insects, and other similar causes. In fact, Tamarac is simply the best of the pine, the most soothing and healing, and is the purest.

"BRIAN BORU'S HARP."

No more interesting relique of Ireland's old historic days has come down than the instrument preserved in Trinity College, Dublin, and known as "Brian Boru's harp." It is the oldest instrument of the kind known to exist in the land of Erin, and probably in Europe. The legend attached to the harp gives it the honour of having been played at the court of King Brian Boru, slain at the battle of Clontarf, in the year 1014, having passed into the possession of his son Donough, the murderer of Teague, in consequence of which act he was deposed by a nephew. Donough retired to Rome. Thither the avenger carried the regalia of his assassinated father, and also the musical instrument. Deposited in the Vatican it remained there centuries, until sent over by the Pope to Henry VIII., then honoured by the Pontiff as the "Defender of the Faith." This is only fiction. One of the greatest of Irish antiquarian scholars, the late George Petrie, has exhaustively and convincingly shown that the story has no foundation in fact. From its size, peculiar structure, and heraldic decoration Mr. Petrie deduced, to the satisfaction of archæologists, that the harp belonged to the smaller class of instruments used by Irish ecclesiastics to accompany voice in the singing of hymns at private devotion, or in the services of the Church. The instrument is but thirty-two inches high. Thus Mr. Petrie contended it was too small to have been a bardic instrument, quite unfitted to have been played by the minstrel at festal functions. The scholar also points out that his argument for the instrument being one for devotional purposes is strengthened by the appearance of the letters "I.H.S." carved in relief in the Gothic character. It was the opinion of the antiquary that this harp was made for one of the two O'Neills who flourished in the fourteenth century the first as Bishop of Clogher, the second as Bishop of Derry. One of the last minstrels who struck harmony from the strings of the instrument was a descendant of the prelates mentioned—Arthur O'Neill, who played "Brian Boru's harp" at Limerick in 1790. Twenty years later it was presented to Trinity College by the Hon. William Conyngham. The harp, when perfect, had thirty strings. It is of exquisite workmanship. The upright pillar is of oak, and the soun-board of red sallow; the extremity of the forearm has a capping of silver very artistically wrought, and there are other embellishments in the same metal. There is also a large crystal set in silver under another stone, now lost. Some of the wood is much decayed. Ireland in old days had rare craftsmen in wood and the metals, and "Brian Borus harp" is a most striking example of their skill

HAPPIEST OF ALL.

There is no time in the twenty-four hours when one ought to feel so thoroughly satisfied and content as immediately after a good, hearty meal. And all healthy persons do feel so. The body's demands have been met, and we are easy and comfortable, as though we had paid off an old dun and had money left. We are accessible, humane, and good natured. Then, if ever we will grant a request without grumbling. True benevolence," says a grisly old friend of mine, "is located in a capable stomach recently filled."

Yes, but what of the incapable stomachs, of which there are so many!—stomachs that disappoint and plague their owner; till the act of feeding, so delightful to others, becomes just an act to avoid the necessity of which they are almost willing to die! Ah, that is quite another thing. These poor souls are they who say, as Miss Wallace says in Miss Yetter of hers, "I was no longer to be counted among those who have pleasures in eating. Far from it. As a matter of fact, I was afraid to eat." The head of food, of course—the weakness and sinking that accompanied abstinence—but what was I to do? I must live, I must, my distress was quite commonplace. No matter how light the repast was, nor how careful I was not to pay for it in taking it, the result was the same. The distress and gnawing pains followed, with discomfort in the chest, and a sense of choking, and some bile of food had lodged there and were irritating me.

So objectionable and repugnant to me was the act of eating that for days together I lived on milk, a morsel of solid food, subsisting entirely on milk and soda water. Owing to this enforced lack of nourishment I got extremely thin, and I was told by others I could be. I must not forget to say that this happened to me, or rather it began to happen in July, 1887, when I was living at Wellington, the chemist, in Wellington. Having used it a few days I felt great relief, and then I had consumed two bottles I was entirely well. Since then I have heartily commended Mother Seigel's Syrup to many friends, who have invariably been cured, as I was. She has my permission to publish my letter, if you desire to do so. (Signed) Minnie Wallace, Nurse, The Union Workhouse, Oldham, February 22nd, 1895.

In a communication dated January 8th, 1895, Mrs. Henrietta McCallam, of 40, Downsfield Road, Walthamstow, near London, states that her daughter Emma fell ill in the spring of 1893 with the same symptoms described by Miss Wallace. She craved food, yet, when it was placed before her, she turned from it almost with loathing. "As time went on," so runs the mother's letter, "my daughter became so weak she could hardly walk. Neither home medicines nor those of the doctors did any good. Her sufferings continued for over eight years.

"In June, 1894, she began taking Mother Seigel's Syrup, of which we had just read in a little book that was left at the house. In a week she was better, and in less than two months she was enjoying better health than ever before. She has since ailed nothing, and can eat any kind of food. (Signed) (Mrs) Henrieta McCallam."

Happy," sings Homer "were they who fell under the high walls of Troy." Happier still they who have never fallen under the crushing weight of indigestion or dyspepsia. Happiest, perhaps, of all are they who have been lifted up by Mother Seigel's remedy and placed where once again they can eat, drink, and be Merry. And if all these could be gathered together they would make a greater host than the Greek poet ever dreamed of.

BANK OF BENGAL.

The following is the Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 11th October, 1897, as compared with the Statement of 28th October, 1897 :—

Liabilities.	Oct. 12. Rs. A. P.	Oct 19. Rs. A. P.
Capital paid up	2,90,00,000 0 0	2,90,00,000 0 0
Reserve Fund	80,00,000 0 0	80,00,000 0 0
Public Deposits	1,31,27,327 0 0	1,30,77,000 0 0
Other Deposits	5,45,51,557 5 0	5,51,51,889 15 8
Bank Post Bills	1,04,337 0 0	1,05,15,911 0 0
Sundries	2,07,015 0 0	2,23,50,111 7
	Rs. 9,88,47,056 11 1	9 90 31,197 6 7

Assets.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Government Securities	58,43,958 0 0	63,27,514 0 0
Other authorised Investments	72,50,34 11 0	72,50,34 11 0
Loans on Govt. and other authorised securities	1,43,20,321 9 5	1,28,85,561 3 3
Amount of Credit de.	2,17,95,551 1 1	2,21,92,907 2 4
Bills Discounted, &c.	1,35,53,977 13 8	1,40,47,407 2 4
Assurances on other Banks	6,51,671 13 9	6,03,334 14 1
Ballion	2,92 11 0	2,927 11 0
Coin	13,32,134 9 8	13,31,185 3 8
Premises	8,001 9 0	8,402 7 9
Sundries	11,52,767 1 8	11,51,243 5 6
Cash, &c., at Head Office	1,86,38,097 3 11	1,91,56,35 10 10
Do. at Branches	1,79,41,171 6 10	1,86,89,814 2 9
	Rs. 9 88,47,056 12 1	9,90,39,197 6 7

The following is the Bank's Memorandum of Liabilities and Assets up to 19th October, 1897 :—

Liabilities.	Rs.
Treasury Balance at Head Office	1,15,717 Decr.
Do. at Branches	4,31,002 Do.
Other Deposits	5,83,812 Incr.
Post Bills	89,631 Do.
Assets.	
Bank's Investments	4,42,924 Incr.
Loans	1,31,991 Decr.
Amount of Credit	3,97 55 Incr.
Mercantile Bills	2,49,797 Do.
Cash Held at Head Office	15,04,932 Incr.
Cash at the Branches	6,66,843 Incr.

GODHRA-RUTLAM-NAGDA RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 16th October 1897, on 149½ Miles open.

	Coaching Traffic Receipts.	Mercha dise and Mineral Traffic Receipts.	Other Earnings (sent mated.)	Total Earnings.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Total traffic for the week	3,197	10,469	53	13,950
Or per mile of Railway	25	74	—	99
For 14 weeks	51,401	1,37,143	1,331	1,89,176
Total for 15 weeks	51,911	1,46,841	1,381	2,03,128
Comparison. Total for corresponding week of previous year	3,381	13,814	445	17,020
Or mile of Ry. do.	24	98	4	126
Total to corresponding date do.	54,959	1,53,551	2,77	2,45,445

Decrease for the week ..... Rs. 3,740
Ditto to date ..... " 22,319

PALANPUR-DEESA RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for Week ended 14th Aug. 1897, on 17'24 Mil s open.

	Coaching Traffic Receipts.	Mercantile and Mineral Traffic Receipts.	Other Earnings (estimated.)	Total Earnings.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Total traffic for the week	200	06	..	200
Or per mile of railway	11	6	..	17
For previous 5 weeks and 6 days	1,546	861	32	2,479
Total for 6 weeks	1,741	911	32	2,779
Comparison. Total for corresponding week of previous year	331	105	4	663
Per mile of Ry. do.	23	6	..	32
Total to corresponding date do.	2,581	781	11	3,361

Increase for the week ..... Rs. 235
Do. cease to date ..... " 665

Rather more than a year ago the Italian Government decided to tax cycles, dividing them for that purpose into three classes. It seems that the tax has yielded 6,00,000 lire, equivalent to about £24,000. The number of cycles in use is estimated at 62,000, so that they paid, on an average, about 7s. 6d. a piece. It is impossible to form even an approximate idea of the number of cycles in use in the United Kingdom. It cannot, however, one would imagine, be far short of two millions, a calculation which allows one machine to every twenty of population.

FEMININE FACTS AND FANCIES.

Miss Marie Lloyd's first engagement was at the Star, Bermondsey, where she received the salary of fifteen shillings per week. Nowadays one hundred pounds weekly is not considered too much for her. She was originally a teacher.

The matrimonial state has positively no attractions for Mdlle. Rosa Bonheur. "What should I do with a husband?" she says, according to "Cassell's Magazine." "Art is my husband, and men should marry women who have no idol, no absorbing passion, such as mine is."

Before you put your square of sugar in a cup of coffee, rub it briskly on the outside of a lemon. Get the six sides of the lump in contact with the lemon peel. When the sugar dissolves in your coffee you will find that your drink is greatly improved, and that it has a delicious flavour.

Velvet and good velveteen are to be very much worn this winter, not only as entire dresses, capes, and jackets, but as trimmings, waistcoats, and revolving mantles. The richest of jet and sequin embroidery is lavished on these latter, and some of the new plush caps for afternoon wear are all agleam with these bright trimmings.

A new handshake has made its appearance amongst the ultra-fashionables of New York, and is likely to break out here soon. The handshake is really no shake at all. The hands meet and gently swing from right to left for an instant. The innovation is not likely to be attractive to people with old-fashioned ideas of a good firm grasp of a friendly hand. But it is the latest fashion, and will, no doubt, be received with enthusiasm.

English girls are said to be taking the place of Americans in the New York stores to such an extent that the latter find it necessary to drop their h's and assume a Cockney accent in order to hold their positions. A way says it is only fair that the English girls should have a chance to ou'shine their American cousins beyond the sea, for in England the girls of high degree have to be taught to speak with an American accent in order to catch dukes for their husbands.

A new game is always welcome. The latest of them is called "Bumbispuppy." It is played by ladies and men, and is exceedingly provocative of mirth. To a long pole on a gross plot is attached a ball hanging by a string. The party playing divide into sides, and try to hit the ball as it flies round with their rackets in the desired direction. There is a good deal of skill required, and a good many hard hits, and funny situations result. Altogether a g od, noisy, and amusing game.

The curious way in which the most serious catastrophes are reflected in the world of frivolity sets one to wondering whether anything is really serious or really frivolous. The shocking accident of the charity bazaar in Paris is having a perceptible influence on fashion there, not by making it less thought of, but by starting a new vogue of black and white. Persons who have lost no relative or intimate friend by the accident, nevertheless, adopt this fashion, young men wearing black gloves, and young women black and white figured gowns.

The lover who succeeds best with women is confident, self-poised, and unconfiding. He gives evidence of the possession of restrained power. The more absolute his rule, the more his sweetheart loves him. The more antagonistical his nature, and the more mystery there is in his life, the more readily does he retain a woman's love. He is not so popular with the fair sex generally as the frank, good-natured lover, who is interested in every baby he meets and who is always petted and tyrannised by the ladies, but he gains woman's deepest love, while the good-natured young man merely obtains her esteem, or, at least, a flickering affection.

The woman who appears before the members of her family in a shabby dress, and makes the excuse—if indeed, she takes the trouble to make one at all—that "it is so much more comfortable," has little idea of the possible consequences. Could she but realise that her dress is an evil to her daughters, that her husband and sons cannot fail to make comparisons between her dress and that of the ladies they meet in other homes, she might be induced to give more attention to her personal appearance. Not even the burden of care and constant employment can furnish a sufficient excuse for careless personal habits, for few things are more important to be well-being of a family. There is an old saying to the effect that an untidy mother has disobedient children; and while neither parents nor children may realise the why or wherefore of it, yet there is always a lack of respect, and an indifference to the authority of a mother who takes no pride in her personal appearance.

One of the neatest of new costumes is in tancoloured whipcord, the skirt bordered with a hem of beaver, topped by a band of the same, with trefoils in black braid. The bodice tight-fitting, but opening from the neck to show a black velvet waistcoat beneath. The bodice has a two-inch basque behind, and is finished everywhere with beaver. The waistcoat shows no fastening, being one of the new and becoming ones made without buttons or buttonholes, and fastening up the back with small hooks and eyes. Wherever the fur is seen on this smart gown, the black trefoil braiding heads it. The Louis XVI. screen-cap design is very much used in the autumn passementeries and in all embroideries. The spaces are filled in with open lattice-work of a lace-like sort and very often with silk, velvet, or cloth of a bright colour to let in under these, with very good effect. A green cloth gown, for instance, has these intervals of openwork lined with apricot cloth whether the passementerie is introduced upon the bodice.

One of the novelties of the season is the coat with revers at the back as well as in front. It looks exactly as though the two sides were quite separate from the bodice part of the corpus, and had been temporarily hung over the shoulders. One of these is in cashmere cloth of a beautiful tone of blue, and the bodice-part, both back and front, is braided in dark blue, gold, and white, in a design that is wide across the shoulders, but tapers to the waist. The revers are white cloth and extend more than half way down behind and before, the full cape sleeves being fastened on under the revers. The only union of cape and jacket is rather general just now, the bodice fitting well to the figure and furnished with revers faced more or less elaborately; the sleeves reaching only to the elbows, where they fall in very full folds on the outer arm, but with no unnecessary amplitude in the inner part. In fact they are often split up the inside seam.

When may a lover consider that he is encouraged? It is impossible to dogmatise on the matter. Of course, there are some general rules which would meet all cases. For instance, when a girl accepts a man's attentions and his continued hospitality, and openly wears the presents he has sent her, he may certainly begin to think that he has found favour in her eyes, and that her answer to the momentous question will be a satisfactory one. Then, again, if she did appear happy and contented in a man's company, if she grew a trifle pleasure, and bestows more than a half her programme upon him at a dance, he may feel pretty certain that her heart is not wholly his. Men are frequently very shy. In spite of an apparent show of easy confidence, they are, as a whole, far more self-distrustful than are women, and it is this same bashfulness which often costs them dear. It is said that by far the greater number of proposals, though not actually made by the girl, are helped on in such a way as to make it much easier for the man to lay his hand and heart at her feet.

Dressmakers are now lending all their skill towards brightening and smartening the comfortable tweeds and sombre cloths, and homespuns that are necessarily our principal wear in autumn and winter and their uncertain weather. Some very happy devices are used in this direction. For instance, a very dark brown tweed, with a hint of mahogany red in it, is made with a short, pointed yoke of red velvet in a deep, rich tone, and the sleeves are furnished with pointed mousquetaire cuffs to match. A cold and rather chilly-looking stategrey is in similar fashion warmed up with lapels and collar of velvet in the same colour, and the bodice has the yoke of velvet that has now taken on its brown-gold hue. The addition of a cornflower-blue collar in Irish poplin to a mid-nights or everyday dress of Irish frieze redeems the latter from the charge of dulness and rejoices its young wearer. Some of the new tweeds have in their interwoven threads so much underlying the browns and greys that they are in no need of any such additions. Flecks of orange, crimson, gold, and a bright yellow that we call "the green Erin" green, which the Duke and Duchess of York's Irish tour has made so fashionable, are some of the bright colours that are thr wn up in irregular but effective dashes upon the surface.

Mateloasse cloth seems the favourite material for elderly women's wind mantles. Its only fault is its weight, and this is often intensified by the heavy trimmings of jet and gimp that are added to the garment, to say nothing of the fur that frequently supplements, and sometimes lines them. Some of the plush mantles are trimmed with jewelled braid in four evening wear, and, when made in black or brown for afternoon costume, they are as often bordered with very heavy braids, ornamented with jet, or beadwork and oxydised silver. In such cases they become veritable burdens. A very pretty black plush Russian blouse for street wear is braided on the front and fastened in at the waist with a handsomely braided belt, the basque being only about four inches deep. There is no unnecessary weight about this, but elderly women, as a rule, consider such a brief jacket too smart for them, and deliberately overweight themselves with thick materials and pendulous trimmings. For a quiet young woman a Russian blouse is made in scarlet Melton with double revers, one pair in black velvet, the other in scarlet cloth, the whole outlined with astrakhan, headed with a "Walls of Troy" pattern in black braid. The same shape appears in green, blue, prairie-purple, and every possible tone of tan, biscuit, fawn, and cream-colour; even in white braided in black, and trimmed with astrakhan or sealskin. These dainty little white coats are usually fastened in at the waist with white kid suspender belts, in which fine silk suspenders of lisse are introduced.

The frequent and extremely various suggestions which reach us from the fair sex point to the fact of an attentive world with the object of demonstrating how the human race may be improved by regulating man's love affairs, and especially by choosing for him his lady love, are a perennial source of amusement, and all the more so from the gravity and seriousness with which they are propounded. The last of these that comes to hand—hailing as it many of them do from that land of freedom, the United States—is the proposal to divide the race by certain medical examination into three classes :—(a) The perfect animal, (b) the perfect animal with some defect in family history; (c) all the rest. The author of this plan (says the "Hospital") is evidently impressed with the extreme difficulty of enforcing celibacy on the unfit, recognising the unfortunate fact that the unfit are even more prone to matrimony and paternity than the rest of mankind. But he seems to think that if married with all due care, unfit would be content; so, having divided his race into three classes, he would ordain that the members of each class should mate only among themselves! By this simple plan everyone would be mated, and white class A and class B would increase in strength, in stature, and in vitality, class C would gradually die out. Most ingenious! But suppose class C did not die out, but lived on as an inferior race; then indeed, would be the fulfilment of the prophecy contained in that clever little book "The Time Machine," where we find the successors of man upon earth divided into two distinct races, only dimly related to one another, one beautiful and basking in the sun, white, the other hideous and living underground.

SKINS ON FIRE

With torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, bleeding, scaly, and pimply humours, instantly relieved by a warm bath with Cuticura Soap, and a single anointing with Cuticura (ointment), the great skin cure, followed by a full dose of Cuticura Resolvent, greatest of blood purifiers and humour cures.

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FREEMAN'S ORIGINAL CHLORODYNE.

Discovered and Invented by RICHARD FREEMAN in 1844, and Introduced into India in 1850.

IS

THE MOST VALUABLE INDIAN AND TROPICAL REMEDY KNOWN.

IT MAY BE *ABSOLUTELY RELIED ON FOR THE TREATMENT OF*

DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, AND CHOLERA, FEVER, INFLUENZA, AGUE, CRAMP, COLIC, EURALGIA, AND DENGUE FEVER.

No other remedy known possesses in so marked a degree the properties of a *Sedative*, an *Antispasmodic*, an *Astringent* or *Diaphoretic*; hence Freeman's Chlorodyne has established for itself a reputation in India as being a remedial agent of extreme utility, and possessing properties of immense importance both to Europeans and Natives. Quinine, since the introduction of Freeman's Chlorodyne, no longer holds in India the position it once did, for in those cases of Fever, and the various forms of Neuralgia in which Quinine has completely failed, even when given in half-drachm doses, the administration of Freeman's Chlorodyne has been found to succeed.

It is very common practice in India now to take a small dose of Freeman's Chlorodyne night and morning when Cholera is rife, as a Prophylactic, instead of taking, as formerly was the custom, a dose of Quinine. It is far more palatable, does not produce nausea and sickness, which Quinine nearly always does, but is far more efficacious, producing a feeling of comfort and warmth, and restoring confidence to the nervous People who travel much in India, whether by Palkee-dawk, Train or Boat, and Soldiers on the line of march, should always carry Freeman's Chlorodyne. In no country in the world are people so suddenly seized with Diarrhœa and Cholera as in India.

INDIAN DISEASES, AND THEIR TREATMENT BY FREEMAN'S CHLORODYNE.

FEVERS.—In that form of low Fever, the result of Miasma, and peculiar to many districts of India, e.g., Assam Fever, Peshawur Fever, Goruckpur Fever, Burdwan Fever, and so on, Freeman's Chlorodyne is now used, on a very large scale, both by Medical Men, Planters, Missionaries, and others, in preference to Quinine. In many cases of fever, which prevail in India, especially in the Tea districts of Assam, Chittagong, Cachar, Sylhet, the Kangra Valley, Darjeeling, and elsewhere, Freeman's Chlorodyne has proved immensely superior, in its curative powers, to Quinine, and experience seems to show that if given at THE VERY COMMENCEMENT, IT CUTS SHORT THE FEVER. And one well-known Planter in Assam thus writes:—"Since I have used Freeman's Chlorodyne the sick-list has been reduced fifty per cent., "and this fact, together with the price of Freeman's Chlorodyne being half that of Quinine, my Direc- "tors have been much pleased with the saving of expense on this score, to say nothing of the labour "being more satisfactorily performed. Many of the coolies come of their own accord to myself or the "Native Doctor and ask for 'Freeman Sahib Diwa.' There can be no question that Freeman's Chloro- "dyne is becoming daily more appreciated and more popular in all the Tea Gardens, and I should think "throughout India generally. In the early stages of Diarrhœa and Dysentery it acts like a charm, and "we hang up in the Tea houses and offices your explicit directions for the treatment of Cholera."

DIARRHŒA AND DYSENTERY.—These are two of the most common diseases in India, and it is well known that if the former disease is at once checked, the probabilities are you have warded off the latter malady.

AS AN ASTRINGENT.—The effects of Freeman's Chlorodyne in these diseases are most signal; in Diarrhœa, if given soon enough, it seldom fails to check the disease; in Dysentery it produces healthy evacuations, checking the passage of blood and mucus, while its Anodyne effects are shown by rapidly relieving pain, spasms, and tenesmus, supporting the system, keeping up the warmth of the surface and extremities of the body, and, at the same time, moderating the action of the bowels.

ASIATIC OR MALIGNANT CHOLERA.—In all stages of this epidemic malady recent investigations by the most eminent Scientists and Medical Men in all countries prove Freeman's Chlorodyne to be the only known Specific. A separate paper, specially drawn up by an Indian Army Surgeon, accompanies every bottle, from the smallest size to the large ones which contain a pint and are proportionally cheaper.

AS AN ANTISPASMODIC AND SEDATIVE FOR THE RELIEF OF PAIN and in that large class of nervous affections so prevalent throughout India, no remedy is exhibited with so much confidence or such gratifying result as FREEMAN'S ORIGINAL CHLORODYNE. Tic-doloreux, Sciatica, Cramp, Neuralgia, Colic, Gout, Tooth and Ear-ache, and all other forms of Nervo pain, its administration has been found to exercise most remarkable curative effects. The pain is AT ONCE relieved, the nervous system is quieted, and sleep is produced without exciting the action of the heart or producing subsequent nervous headache. Dr. Aitken, in his Science and Practice of Medicine, Vol. ii., p. 983, recommends in the treatment of Colic Chlorodyne.

ASTHMA.—As an antispasmodic for this malady it is a very valuable medicine, and many old Indians never hesitate, on the approach of an attack, at once to take a dose of Freeman's Chlorodyne. Its effect in all Asthmatic affections is very striking. Shortly after taking it in these cases, a feeling of comfort commences, and a tranquil composed state ensues, followed by the entire cessation of the distressing shortness of breath and difficulty of breathing and sleep.

IN COLDS, INFLUENZA, AND AGUE, Freeman's Chlorodyne is employed with much benefit. When prescribed for the two former diseases it produces a general glow, followed by a free perspiration, during which the pulse improves in character from a feeble, quick and bounding one to a full elastic compressible pulse. In Ague it frequently prevents an attack; or failing this, reduces the violence of the fit to a minimum.

FULL PARTICULARS AS TO DOSE, &c., ARE WRAPPED ROUND EACH BOTTLE.

THE TESTIMONIALS, EXTRACTS FROM MEDICAL REPORTS, PUBLIC PRESS, &c.

(1).—AFGHAN WAR.

"Head Quarters Staff, Cabul, "May 5th, 1880.

"MR. R. FREEMAN,

"DEAR SIR,

"It is with much pleasure that I am able to state that your Chlorodyne has been of Special Service to me in alleviating the wearisome Spasms of Asthma, which is here existent in an aggravated form. Many of my patients now come and beg me to give them that medicine which always relieves them, and which I need hardly say is your Chlorodyne.

"Yours faithfully,

"CHARLES W. OWEN, R.R.C.P.,
"Lond., M.R.C.S., Eng.,
"*The Divisional Head Quarters,*
"*Staff and Civil Surgeon, Cabul.*"

(2).—RUSSO-TURKISH WAR.

The "TIMES," AUGUST 13th, 1877.—From our Own Correspondent with the Russian Army.

Okum, *July* 25*th* 1877.

"The want of sanitary arrangements in the Russian Camp was dreadful, and had we remained there a few weeks longer, dysentery and typhoid fever would have played more havoc in our ranks than the bombs of the Turks. I myself acquired an unenviable reputation as a doctor owing to my being provided with a small bottle of CHLORODYNE, with which I EFFECTED MIRACULOUS CURES."

(3).—FRANCO-PRUSSIAN WAR.

Copy of Testimonial and letter from Monsieur BONJOUR BARTHELEMY, Delegate of the Society for the Relief of the Wounded, founder of the Catholic Committee, Decorated with the Cross of the Convention of the Geneva.

"LE CAILLON PRES MEUNG SUR LOIR, FRANCE, *June* 18*th* 1873.

"I hereby attest that the CHLORODYNE manufactured by RICHARD FREEMAN, PHARMACIST OF LONDON, is the best remedy against CHOLERA and DYSENTERY; and further affirm, as Director of the Anglo-American Ambulances and of French Prisoners during the War from 1870 to 1871, that a large number of those under my care were attacked with DYSENTERY, and that by means of his CHLORODYNE they were in a few days perfectly cured.—(*Signed*) BONJOUR BARTHELEMY."

"DEAR SIR,

"I shall feel obliged if you will have the kindness to forward me a bottle of your Chlorodyne. You will perhaps be surprised to know how I became acquainted with your beneficial remedy. In 1870 war was declared against Prussia. I was appointed Director of the Anglo-American Ambulances, and among the contents of the medicine chests were many bottles of your Chlorodyne from your establishment, which was used extensively by the Medical Staff. I also used it in my Hospital, and I can truly say that every person attacked with Dysentery, to whom I administered twenty to twenty-five drops, was very shortly cured. I was afterwards appointed Director of French Prisoners, and can state that one morning, while I was going my daily round, I found twenty-five of them suffering from Dysentery, concerning whom the medical men had no hope. I at once administered to them twenty-five drops of your Chlorodyne and in a few days *all were restored to perfect health.*

"You have my full permission to make use of my name in your circulars, as testifying the value of your Chlorodyne.

"MR. RICHARD FREEMAN." "Believe me, dear Sir, yours faithfully, BONJOUR BARTHELEMY."

"LE CAILLO, *May* 25*th* 1873.

(4).—MESSAGE FROM EARL RUSSELL.

The Right Honourable EARL RUSSELL transmitted to Mr. R. FREEMAN, the Inventor of CHLORODYNE, the following extract of a despatch from Acting-Consul WEBB, dated Marsilla, September 17th, 1864:—"The remedy most efficacious in its effects (in Epidemic Cholera) has been found to be CHLORODYNE, and with a small quantity given to me by DR. BURKE I have saved several lives."

(5).—MEDICAL MEN.

Testimonials from Medical men have been received to the number of many thousands.

IMPORTANT CAUTION AND NOTICE.

GENUINE CHLORODYNE IS ONLY MANUFACTURED BY THE SOLE INVENTOR,

RICHARD FREEMAN, PHARMACIST,

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Four Chancery Suits terminated in favour of FREEMAN'S ORIGINAL CHLORODYNE and against J. Collis Browne and J. T. Davenport, Lord Chancellor Selbourne, Lord Justice James, and Lord Justice Mellish, condemned their proceedings, and decreed them to pay all costs. Reports of the suits in "Times," January 12 and July 13, 1864, and April 29 and July 24, 1873, and "British Medical Journal," May 3, 1873.

Anglo-Indian and Native Purchasers are cautioned not to have palmed upon them any substitute There are other preparations bearing the name of Chlorodyne, but quite devoid of its wonderful effects See that the Trade-Mark, "The Elephant" or "Hathi," is on the wrapper, &c., which is the only True Chlorodyne.

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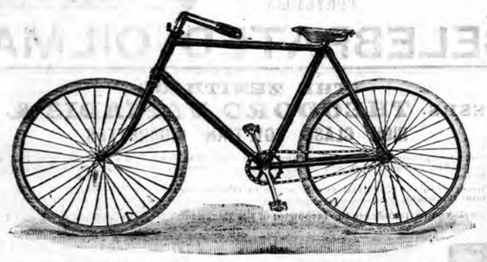

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It prevents any overacid state of the blood. It should be kept in every bedroom in readiness for any emergency. Be careful to avoid rash acidulated salines, and use ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT' to prevent the bile becoming too thick and (impure) producing a gummy, viscous, clammy stickiness or adhesiveness in the mucous membrane of the intestinal canal, frequently the pivot of diarrhœa and disease. ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT' prevents and removes diarrhœa in the early stages.

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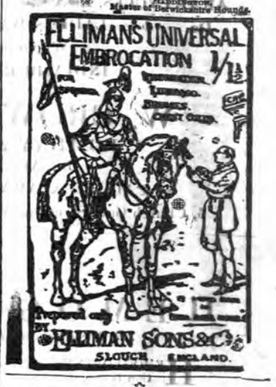

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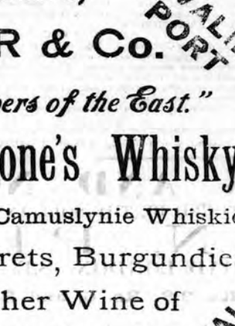

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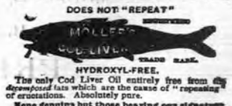

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